



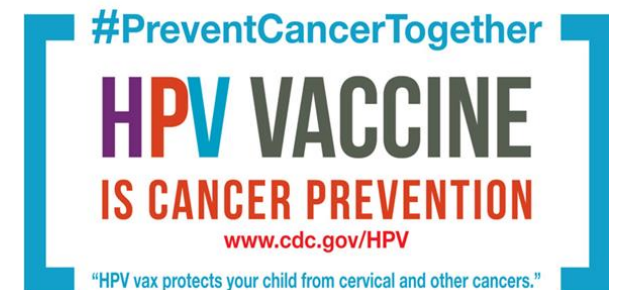
# **WASHINGTON STATE HPV FREE TASK FORCE MEETING SPRING 2025**

Friday, May 30<sup>th</sup>, 2025

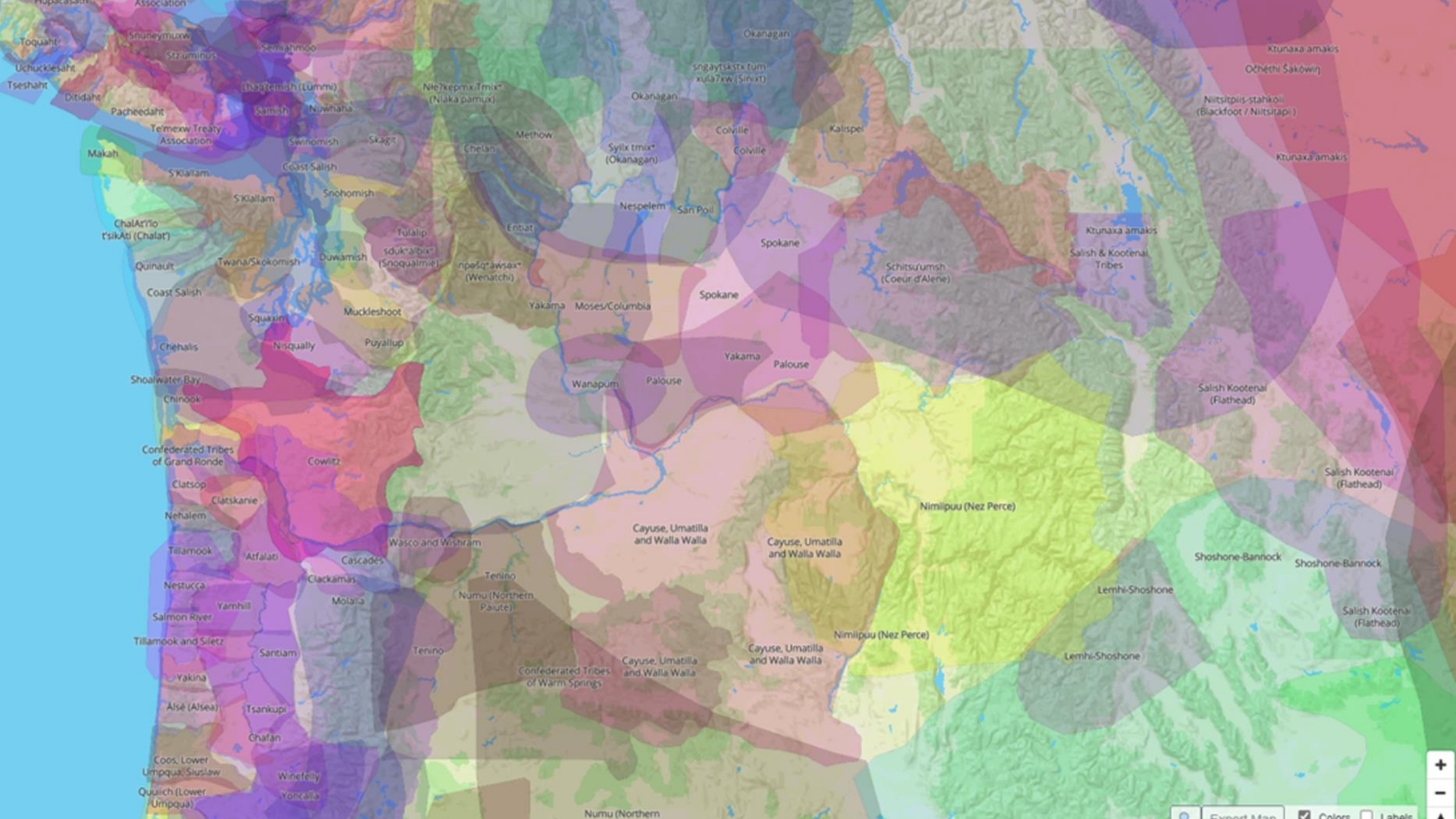


# Agenda

- Welcome, Introduction & Housekeeping
- WA State Immunization Data Updates
- Presentation 1: Motivational Interviewing to Address Vaccine Hesitancy
- Presentation 2: Childhood Vaccination Promotion & Community Outreach in Spokane
- BREAK
- HPV@9 Project Updates
- Presentation 3: WA IQIP & Immunize Washington Awards
- Presentation 4: HPV & Oropharyngeal Cancer
- Sharing Updates & Events
- Wrap Up









# Housekeeping

- We will be recording this webinar so you can find it and all the resources referenced today on the WithinReach website. You will receive a follow up email with links to the material covered once it is available.
- While the focus is absolutely on HPV vaccination – we are also looking at adolescent immunizations collectively as they are all significantly impacted by pandemic, too narrow a focus on just HPV can create missed opportunities and the actions steps we are going to be discussing can increase rates and protection against many vaccine preventable disease.





# Code of Conduct

A friendly reminder that the HPV Taskforce invites all who attend today to help us create a safe, positive experience for everyone. Members and participants agree to support our mission and strengthen HPV prevention efforts in Washington State based on evidence-based guidance from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).

If you are subjected to an unacceptable behavior, notice that someone else is being subjected to unacceptable behavior, or have any other concerns, please notify any of the HPV Task Force planning team members as soon as possible. All reports will remain completely confidential.

See the chat message for more details.



# Save the Date

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## **Annual HPV Roundtable**

Friday, October 10<sup>th</sup>, 2025

More details will be available soon





## DOH UPDATES

Washington State Department of Health



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## **Leigh Wallis, MPH**

She/Her

*Immunization Health Educator*

leigh.wallis@doh.wa.gov

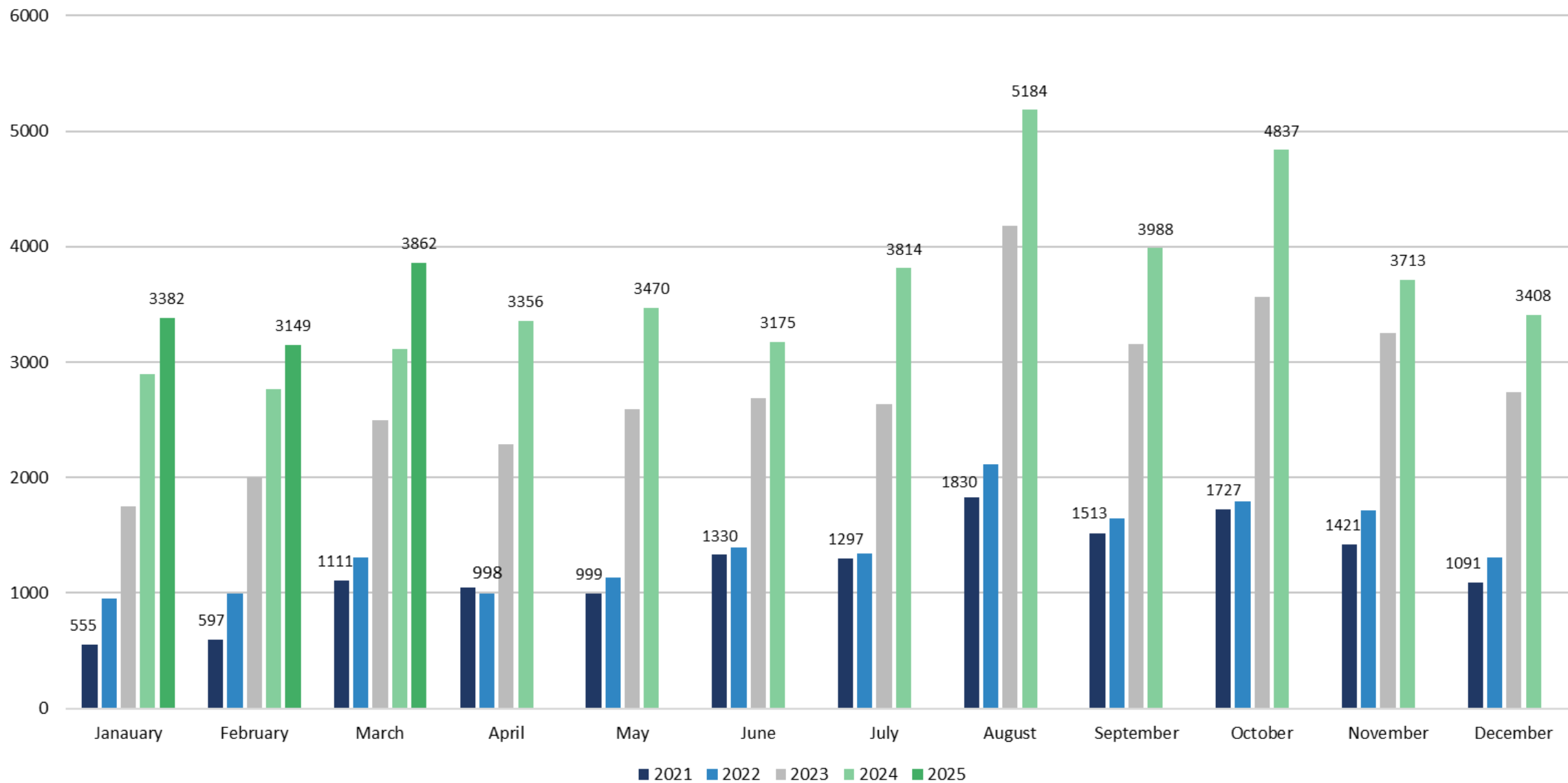
Health Promotion and Education (HPE)  
Office of Public Affairs and Equity (OPAE)  
Washington State Department of Health

## Data: HPV Doses Administered

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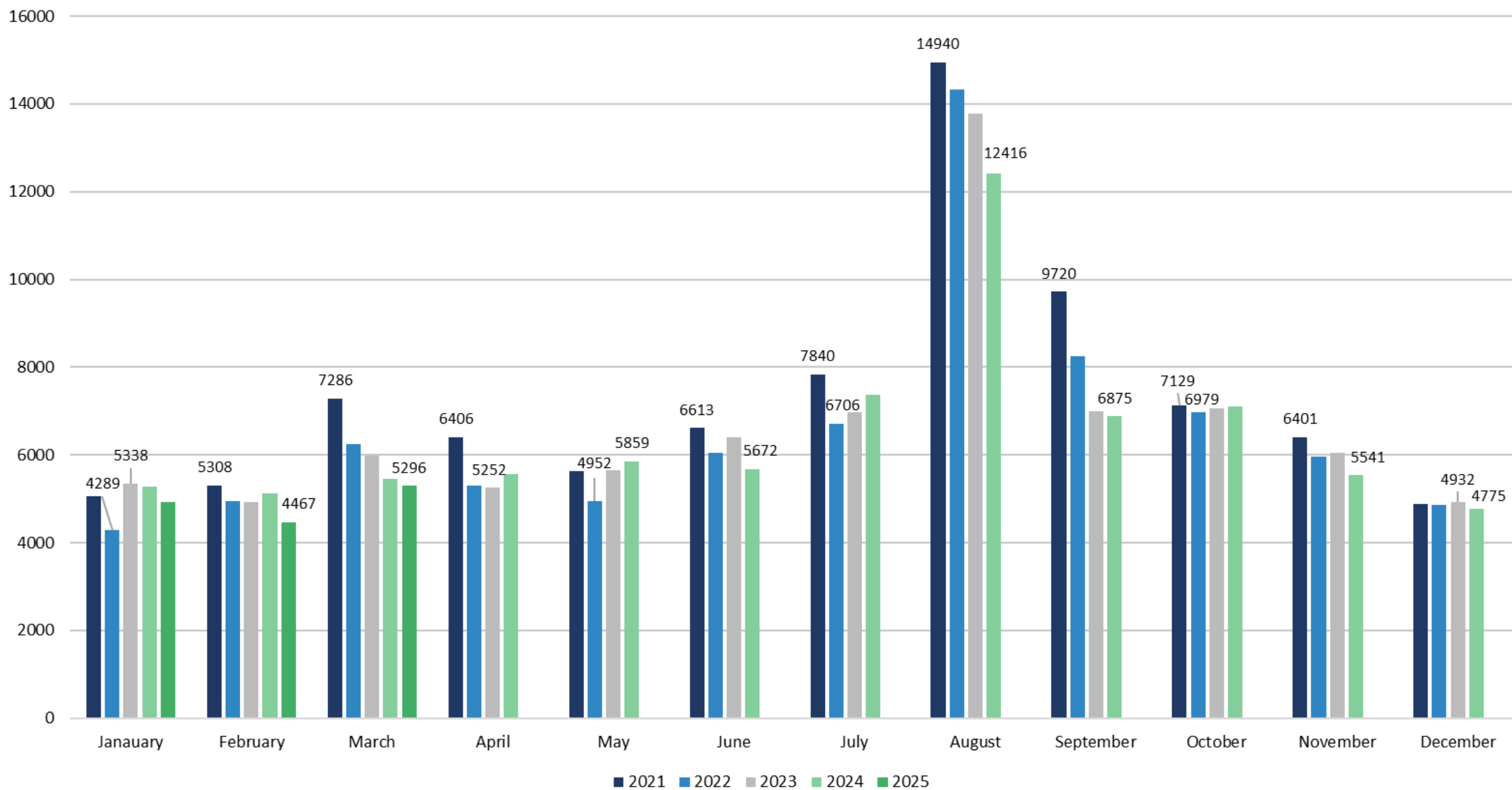
**Note:** Only first quarter data is available for 2025.

HPV Administrations among 9-10 year olds by calendar year, Washington state

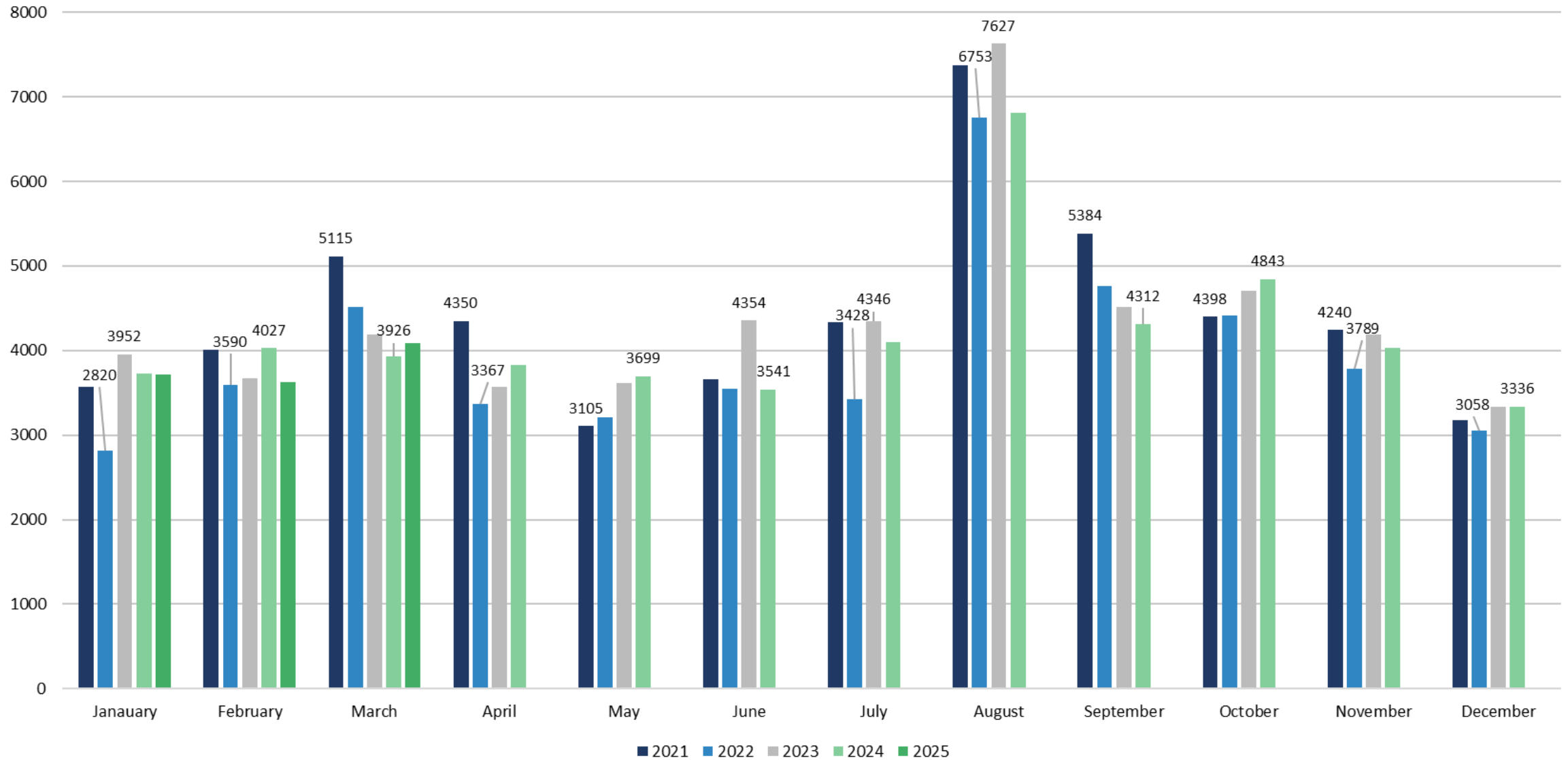




HPV Administrations among 11-12 year olds by calendar year, Washington state



HPV Administrations among 13-17 year olds by calendar year, Washington state



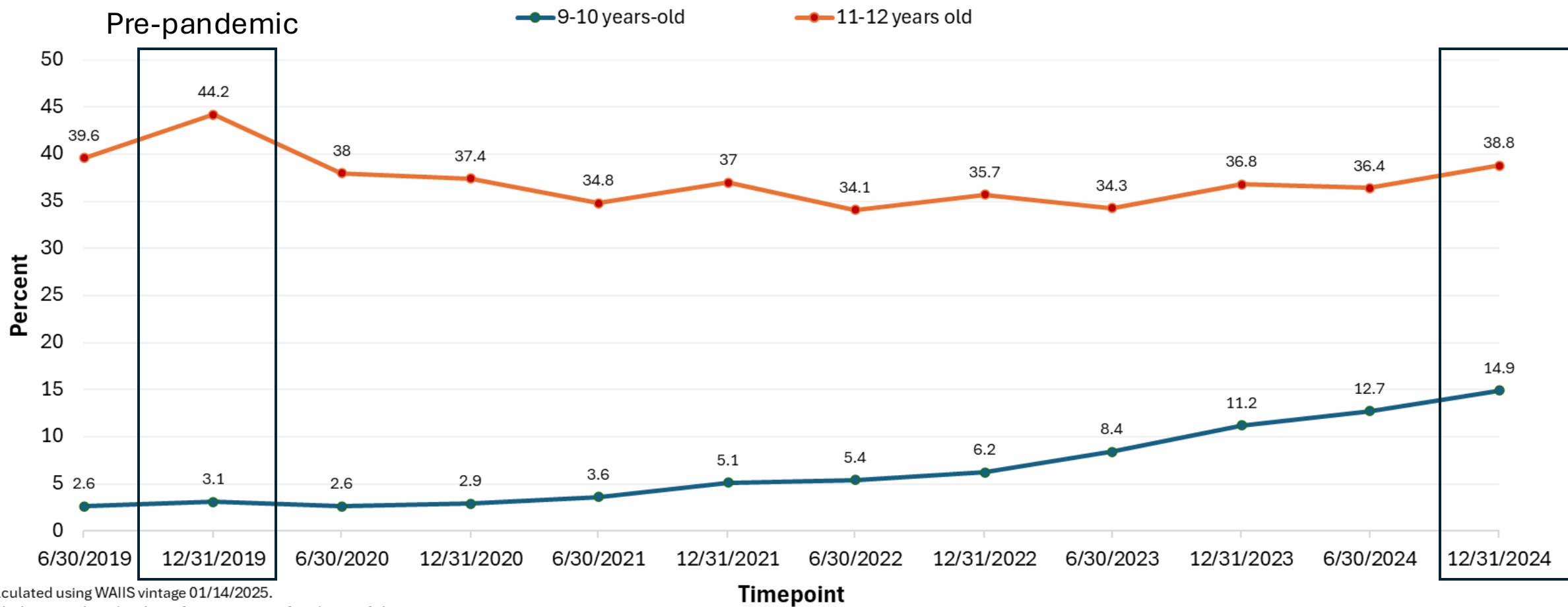
## Data: HPV Coverage Rates

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**Note:** In early August 2025, DOH can update the coverage rate slides for the 6/30/25 timepoint.



## Percent of HPV-initiated (1+ dose) adolescents by age group, June 2019 - December 2024

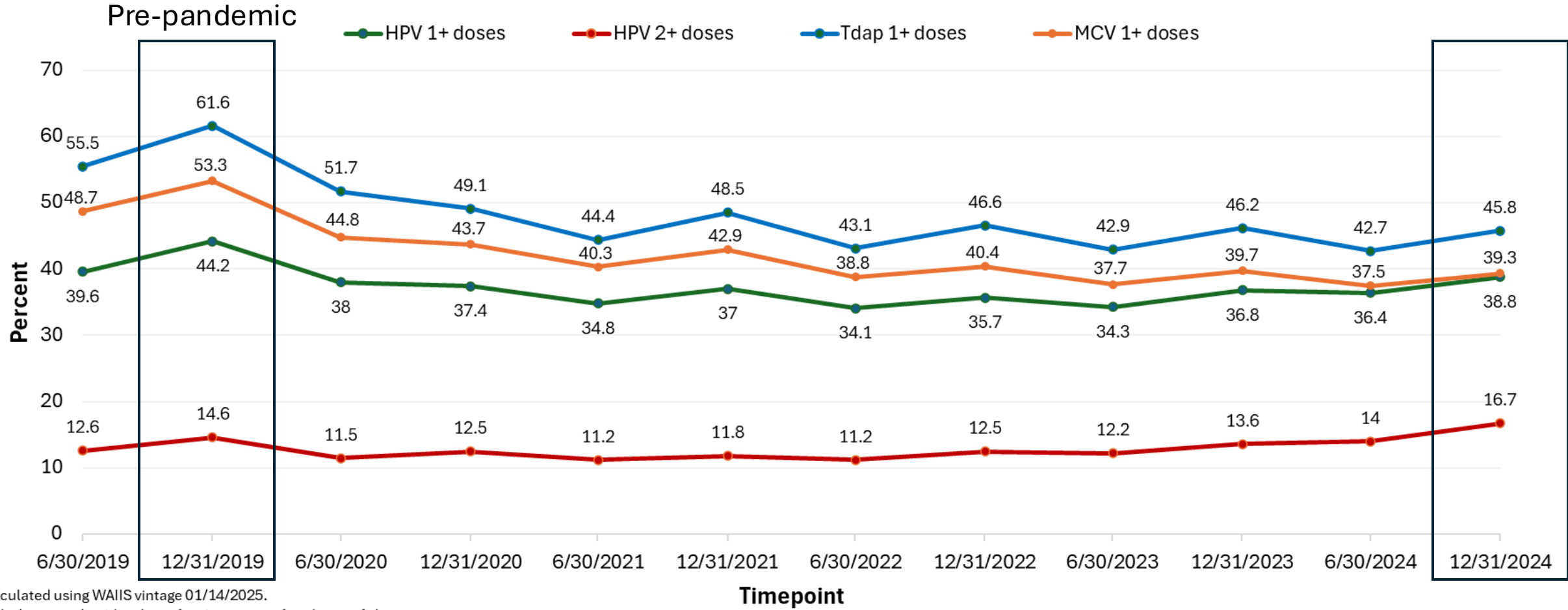


Calculated using WAIS vintage 01/14/2025.

Excludes records with a date of registry entry after the as-of-date.

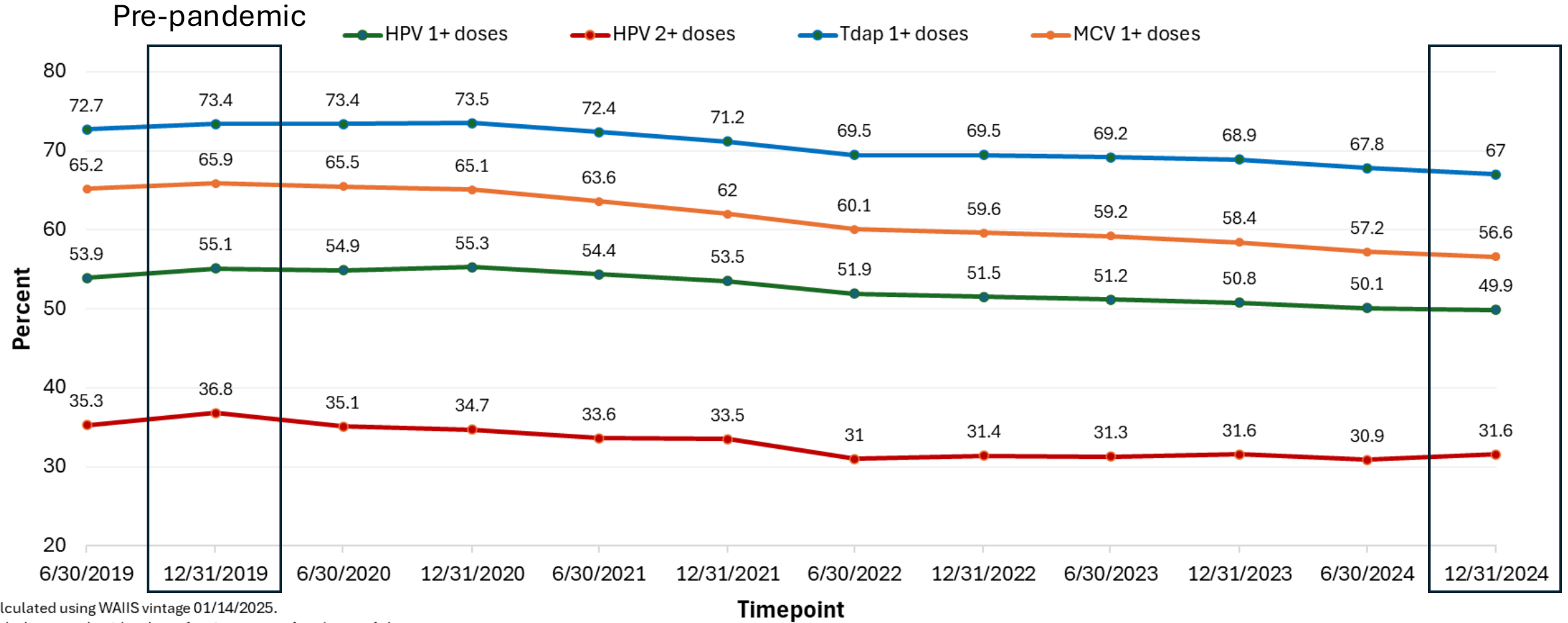
May not be comparable to prior estimates.

## Percent of 11-12 year olds with 1+ doses HPV, 2+ doses HPV, 1+ doses Tdap, and 1+ doses MCV, June 2019 to December 2024



Calculated using WAIS vintage 01/14/2025.  
Excludes records with a date of registry entry after the as-of-date.  
May not be comparable to prior estimates.

# Percent of 13 year olds with 1+ doses HPV, 2+ doses HPV, 1+ doses Tdap, and 1+ doses MCV, June 2019 to December 2024



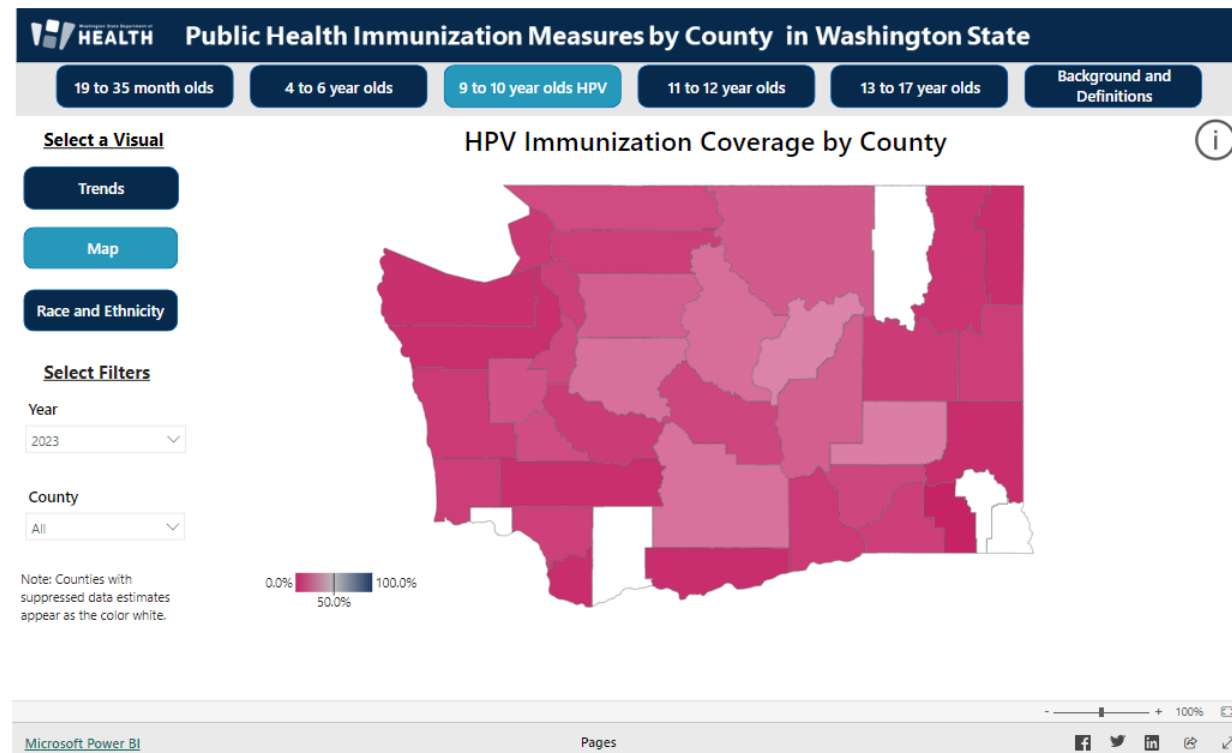
Calculated using WAIS vintage 01/14/2025.  
Excludes records with a date of registry entry after the as-of-date.  
May not be comparable to prior estimates.



# DOH HPV Immunization Data Dashboard

[Home](#) | [Data & Statistical Reports](#) | [Washington Tracking Network \(WTN\)](#) | [Immunization Data](#) | [County Public Health Measures Dashboard](#)

## Immunization Measures by County Dashboard



[Source: Immunization Measures by County Dashboard | Washington State Department of Health](#)

# What's Ahead for HPV at 9?

## Watch Me Grow Washington

- New routine mailings will begin in January 2026 for ages 7, 8, 9, and 10. The age 9 and age 10 letters will continue to emphasize HPV vaccination.
- A special edition age 9 letter (English & Spanish) was pilot-tested in July 2024.
  - **Innovative Reminder/Recall:** 50,000 mailers were sent out to families with a 9 to 10.5-year-old with no record of HPV vaccination in the WAIS. There was a control and intervention group.
  - Two months after the mailing, it was found that a participant had a **17% higher likelihood** of getting an HPV vaccination if mailed a letter compared to those who were not mailed a letter.

### HPV Vaccine

#### HPV vaccine is cancer prevention!

Human Papillomavirus (HPV) is a very common virus that can cause cancers and genital, oral, and skin infections. The HPV virus is spread through intimate skin-to-skin contact. People of all genders and ages can get HPV and spread it to others without realizing they have the virus. Most people will get their first HPV infection in their late teens and early 20s.

There are many different types of HPV. Most of them do not cause infections. But, some types of HPV can cause cancer of the cervix, vagina, vulva, penis, anus, and back of the throat. The good news is these types of cancers are preventable with the HPV vaccine! All of us can probably agree that preventing cancer is better than treating it.



Feeling strong and protected after getting vaccinated.

#### HPV vaccines can be given starting at age 9.

Doctors and nurses recommend the HPV vaccine for children starting at age 9 years for three big reasons.

1. The HPV vaccine works best at this age because it encourages the body to produce the most infection-fighting cells, or antibodies.
2. Getting the vaccine at age 9 also protects your child long before they ever have contact with the virus.
3. HPV vaccination is very safe. Over 15 years of data have shown that HPV vaccines are very safe and effective. And just like with all vaccines, scientists continue to monitor HPV vaccines.

The data continue to show us that the HPV vaccine works really well! In fact, HPV vaccination prevents over 90% of cancers caused by HPV. Since the vaccine was first recommended in 2006, infections that cause HPV cancers and genital warts have dropped significantly. The data is so strong that in 2022, The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) published their statement in PubMed, which recommends starting the HPV vaccine at age 9.

With advances in medicine, you now have the ability to protect your child from certain cancers later in life with HPV vaccine. Getting your child vaccinated as soon as they are eligible (at age 9) will increase the likelihood of being vaccinated before they ever have contact with the HPV virus. Children at age 9 should get two doses of HPV vaccine 6 to 12 months apart. Talk to your child's doctor, nurse, or pharmacist about getting them vaccinated as soon as possible. For more information about the HPV vaccine at age 9, please visit: [doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine](https://doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine).

# DOH HPV Resources

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## List of DOH webpages where you can find HPV information:

- [Human Papillomavirus \(HPV\) Information Health Care Providers | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [Human Papillomavirus \(HPV\) Vaccine at Age Nine | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [Human Papillomavirus \(HPV\) | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [Plain Talk About Immunizations | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [For Preteens and Teens \(7-18 Years\) | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [For College Students and Administrators | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [Vaccine Stories | Washington State Department of Health](#)
- [Immunization Measures by County Dashboard | Washington State Department of Health](#)



To request this document in another format, call 1-800-525-0127. Deaf or hard of hearing customers, please call 711 (Washington Relay) or email [doh.information@doh.wa.gov](mailto:doh.information@doh.wa.gov)



# Motivational Interviewing

*Anya Sheftel, Ph.D.*

*Research Assistant Professor*

*Department of Teaching and Learning*

*Washington State University*





# Agenda

- Toolkit
- What is Motivational Interviewing?
- Components of MI:
  - Spirit of MI
  - Change Talk
  - MI Strategies
- MI Strategies
  - Ask-Offer-Ask
  - Assess Readiness
- Q&A



# Getting to the Heart and Mind of the Matter Toolkit



*I feel like they are  
playing games with  
us...*

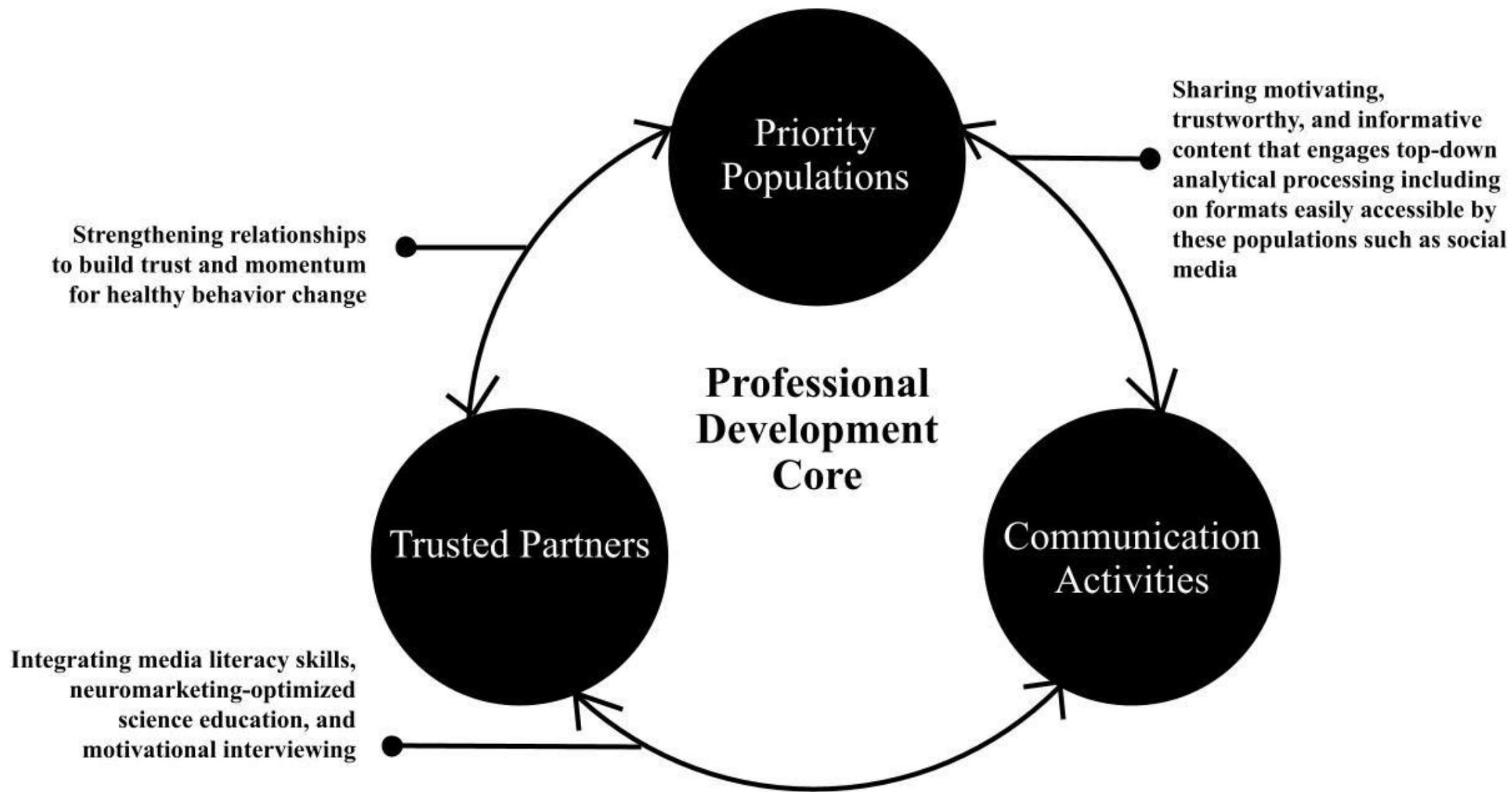
Trust

Vaccine Safety

Perceived Susceptibility

Protect Self and Others







**Emotion**

**Fear  
Vulnerability  
Indecision**





**Emotion**

**Hope  
Confidence  
Motivation**

# MI is...



“a specific form of interviewing. When practicing MI, **the interviewer has a guiding role .... The recipient of MI is being served and ultimately is the one who decides what to change, if anything.** MI is not about *installing* motivation in people, but rather *evoking* it from them” (p.15, Miller & Rollnick, 2023).

# Goal of Motivational Interviewing:

Engage a person in a *guiding* conversation that *evokes and reinforces their own reasons for change*


(Miller & Rollnick, 2013)



# MI and Vaccine Education (p. 30)

- MI has been widely used in healthcare settings (Rollnick et al., 2023)
- Recently, it has shown promise in decreasing vaccine hesitancy (Gagneur, 2020)





# **Components of Motivational Interviewing**



The background of the slide is a detailed architectural blueprint. It features various lines, shapes, and text representing a building plan. Some visible text includes '24M²', '10M', '24M', and '1100'. The blueprint is rendered in a light blue color on a white background.

## Tasks of MI :

Engage, Focus, Evoke, Plan

## Guiding Spirit of MI:

Partnership, Acceptance, Compassion, Empowerment

# Tasks of MI



**Engaging:**  
Get to know  
the person



**Focusing:**  
Identify a  
collaborative  
focus for the  
conversation



**Evoking:**  
Evoke and  
reinforce  
statements  
about change



**Planning:**  
If appropriate,  
develop a plan



The background of the slide is a detailed architectural blueprint, showing various building plans, rooms, and structural elements in a light blue color. The blueprint is slightly faded and serves as a textured background for the text boxes.

### **Change Talk (pp. 28-29):**

Desire, Ability, Reasons, Need, Commitment, Activation, Taking Steps

### **Tasks of MI (p. 20):**

Engage, Focus, Evoke, Plan

### **Guiding Spirit of MI (p.17):**

Partnership, Acceptance, Compassion, Empowerment



# Change Talk

- **Desire:** *I want to change*
- **Ability:** *I can change*
- **Reasons:** *These are my reasons for changing*
- **Need:** *I need to change*
- **Commitment:** *I will start engaging in a new behavior*
- **Activation:** *I am considering change*
- **Taking Steps:** *I will/have started to take steps towards change*



**Strategies (pp. 30-42):**

Open Questions, Reflections, Affirmations, Ask-Offer-Ask, Assess Readiness

**Change Talk (pp. 21-22):**

Desire, Ability, Reasons, Need, Commitment, Activation, Taking Steps

**Tasks of MI (p. 20):**

Engage, Focus, Evoke, Plan

**Guiding Spirit of MI (p.17):**

Partnership, Acceptance, Compassion, Empowerment



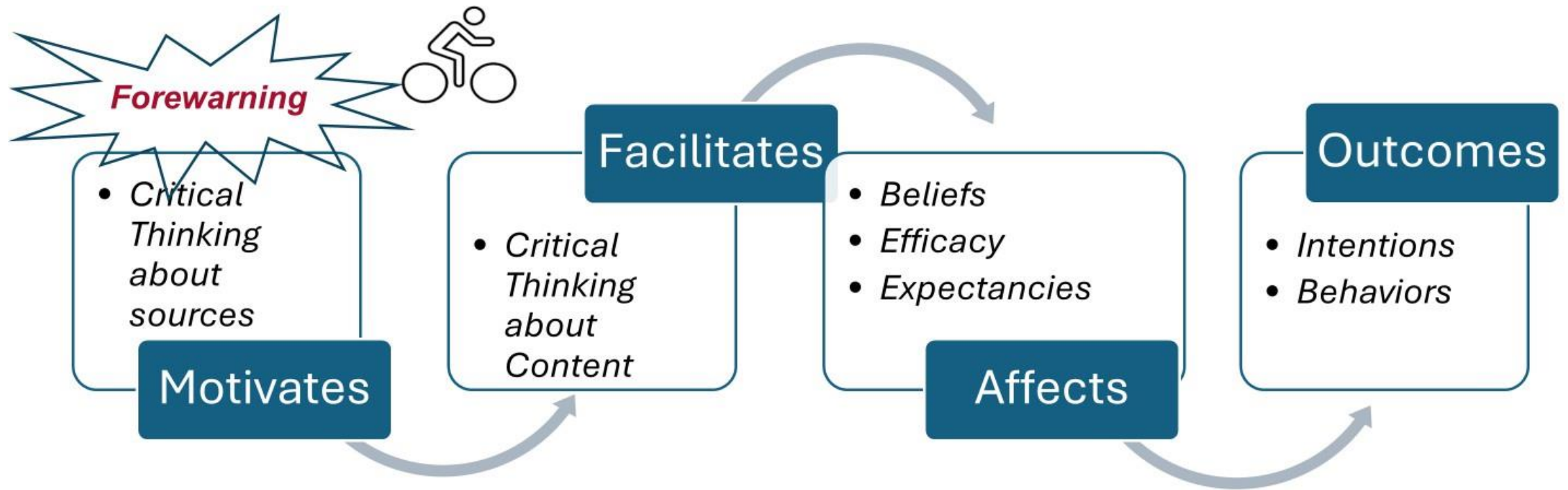
**Avoid the Fixing Reflex**  
**(p. 32)**





# Integrate Media Literacy Skills

# Science Media Literacy: Emotion and Logic



Share Trustworthy and  
Informative Content

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# Ask-Offer-Ask (p. 38)

- **Ask** the person what they already know about the topic
- Reflect/affirm
- Ask for permission to share more information
- If yes, **offer** 1 piece of information
- **Ask** what the person thinks about this information

# Assess for Readiness

# Assessing Vaccine Readiness (pp. 39-41)



- Ask the person on a scale 1-10 (1=not ready; 10=ready), how ready they are [insert your topic of conversation]
- Ask the person why they are as high as this number and not lower
- Ask the person what would help them to become a little more ready
- Summarize and highlight change talk





Questions?

# SRHD Immunization Assessment & Promotion (IAP)

**Iryna Gusarenko**

Vaccine Regional  
Coordinator and  
Network Specialist



# HPV Vaccination Through School and Community Clinics



## Expanding Access Through Community Clinics

- **SHAW Middle School Clinic**
  - 2024: 38 HPV doses
  - 2023: 17 HPV doses
- **Ongoing efforts to reach underserved populations**
  - Mobile clinics in **low-income neighborhoods**
  - Partnerships with **shelters serving families with children**
  - Clinics hosted in **community centers and housing sites**
- Always looking for **new opportunities** and **partners** to bring vaccines directly to communities in need



# Workshops in the communities



**Irina Semco**  
CW1, Slavic Engagement  
Specialist



**Sula Nasini Sadat**  
CW1, Afghan  
Engagement Specialist



**Carlinda Jabjulan**  
CW1, Marshallese  
Engagement Specialist



# VaxExpo 2024 Highlight — Amplifying HPV Awareness

- Hosted VaxExpo 2024
- Featured Ginny Marable, HPV survivor, as a guest speaker.
- Her story deeply resonated with attendees.
- One year later, her impact is still felt across the field.



# HPV survey


1. Understand perceptions and attitudes toward HPV vaccination, including key barriers.
2. Identify opportunities to tailor outreach and campaigns for greater impact in Spokane County.

Parents and caregivers of children 7-15

## Share Your Thoughts!

We want to know what you think about  
Human Papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine


Take the survey!



Sign up to participate in a focus group at the end of the survey.  
Participants will receive a

**\$25**

Conoco gift card

 Immunization Assessment and Promotion Program

Spokane Regional Health District assesses nondiscrimination in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Americans with Disabilities Act. To file a complaint or to request more information, reasonable accommodations, or language translation, contact 509.326.1500 or visit [www.srhds.org](http://www.srhds.org). 11/Updated: January 2025



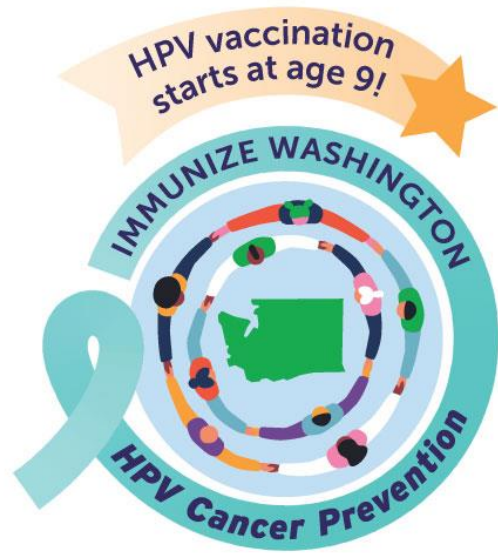
Thank you!

# Break

Back at 9:15 AM

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# Partnering for HPV Cancer Prevention, starting at age 9



Sherri Zorn, MD, FAAP

Washington Chapter of American Academy of Pediatrics (WCAAP)

[HPVat9@wcaap.org](mailto:HPVat9@wcaap.org)

Chrystal Averette, MPH

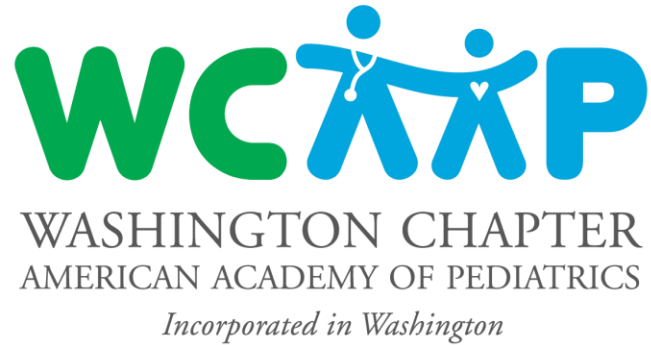
IQIP Coordinator, Washington State Department of Health

[ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov](mailto:ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov)



# HPV Vaccine is Cancer Prevention!





# HPV-at-9 Quality Improvement Project 2023 to 2025

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## What?

- Rapid quality improvement project <6 months)
- Developed by WCAAP HPV-at-9 QI Team

## Why?

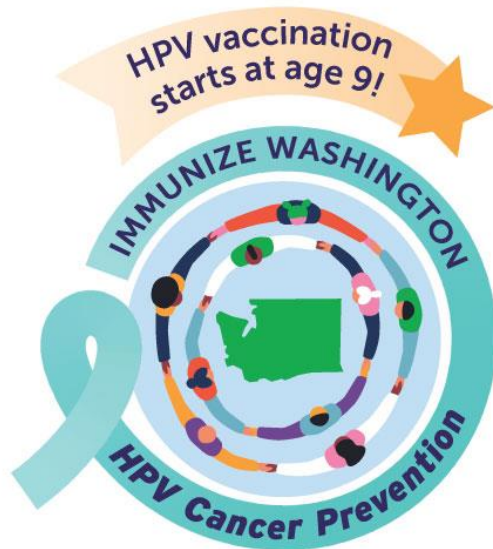
- Increase HPV vaccination of preteens ages 9-12

## Who?

- 4 cohorts
- 32 Washington clinics (Pediatrics & Family Medicine/Primary Care)

## How?

- Implement workflows to start HPV at age 9
- Strong & effective HPV recommendations



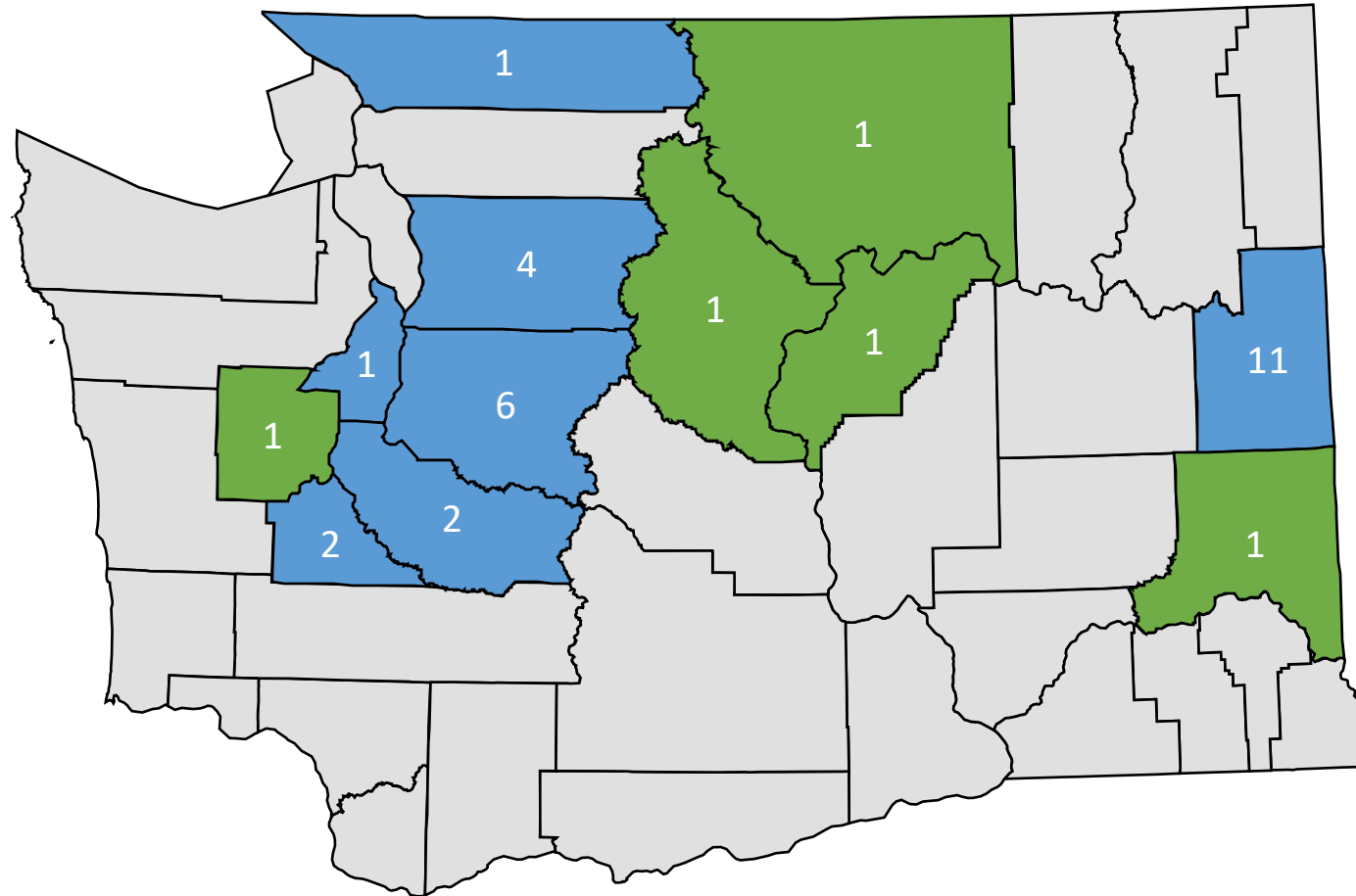
# HPV-at-9 Cohorts

	Number of clinics	Median number of 9-10-year-olds per clinic	Total number of 9-10-year-olds
Cohort 1 Feb-Jul 2023	5	434 (range: 57 to 2,202)	3,782
Cohort 2 Jun-Dec 2023	8	291 (range: 61 to 911)	2,750
Cohort 3 Feb-Jul 2024	10	568 (range: 138 to 1,062)	6,003
Cohort 4 Feb-Jul 2025	9	421 (range: 129 to 1,836)	4,926
<b>Totals</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>428 (range: 57 to 2,202)</b>	<b>17,461</b>



# HPV-at-9 QI Project, 2023-2025

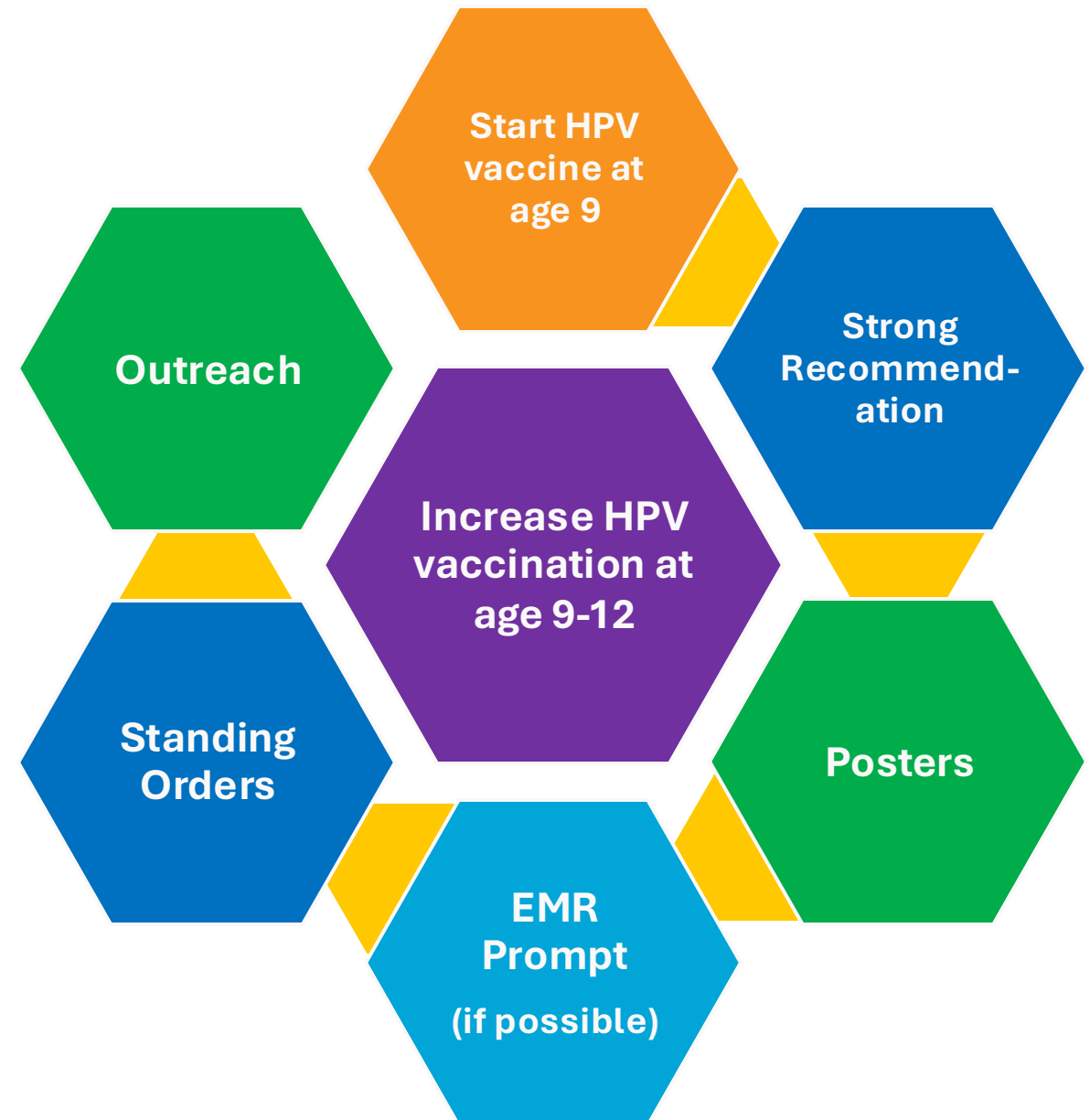
## Clinics per County



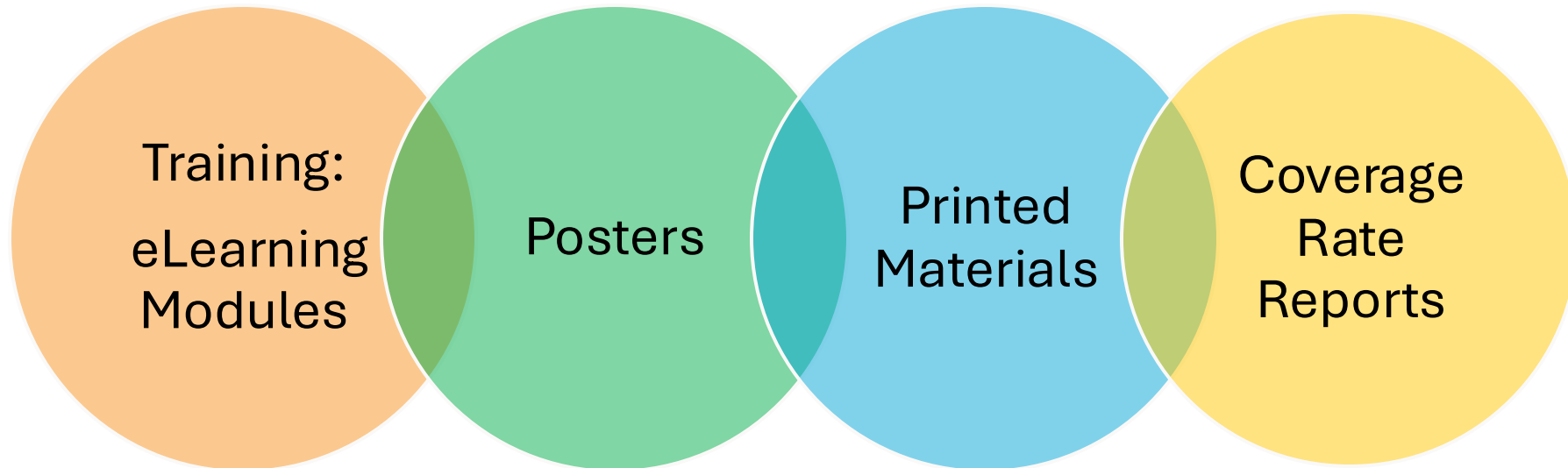
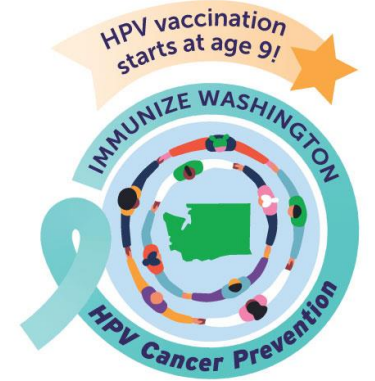
# Multiple strategies

## Increase HPV vaccination at age 9-12

- Start HPV recommendations at age 9
- Strong Recommendation (Announcement Approach)
- Posters
- Optional strategies (if possible):
  - ✓ EMR Prompt
  - ✓ Standing Orders, starting at 9
  - ✓ Outreach, age 9-12 for well-child or immunization

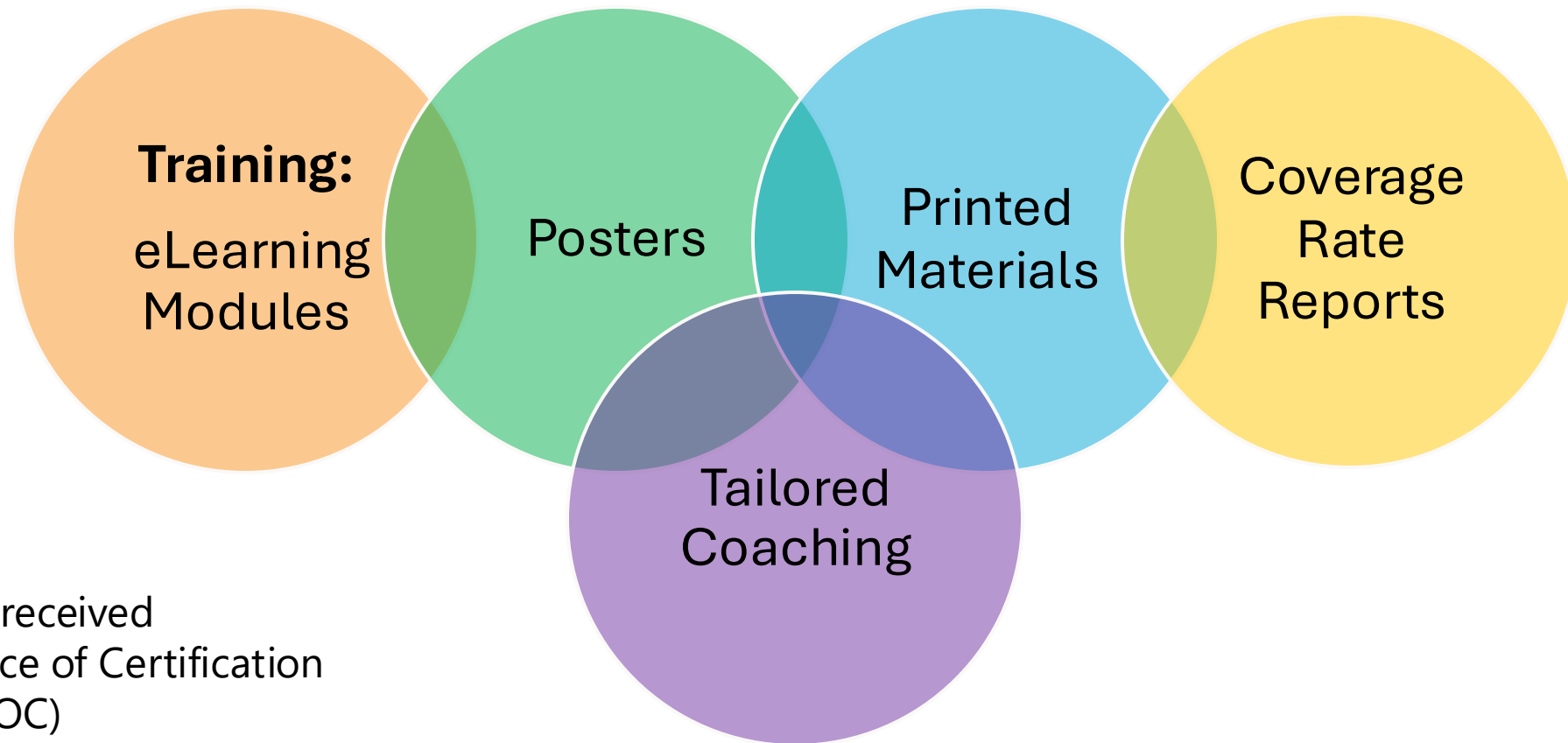
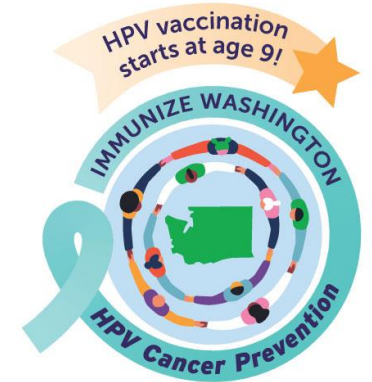


# HPV-at-9 QI Key Components



Physicians received  
Maintenance of Certification  
Credits (MOC)

# HPV-at-9 QI Key Components



Physicians received  
Maintenance of Certification  
Credits (MOC)

# 4 eLearning Modules

Announcement  
Approach

HPV Basics &  
Comprehensive  
Overview

Implementation of  
HPV Quality  
Improvement  
Strategies

Rural Disparities &  
Addressing HPV  
Vaccine Hesitancy

FREE continuing education

- CME
- CNE
- CE

Created by WCAAP HPV-at-9 Team

Health professionals decide how many modules to complete, based on clinical role and interest

# Printed Materials

## HPV Vaccine: It's Cancer Prevention

**Who?** All kids (both boys and girls) should get the vaccine starting at age 9.

**What?** The human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine is a cancer prevention vaccine.

**Why?**

- The HPV vaccine prevents 6 different cancers (mouth/throat, cervix, vulva, vagina, penis and anus).
- The HPV vaccine prevents most genital warts.
- The HPV vaccine is safe and effective, with no long term side effects.
- The HPV vaccine has been given for more than 15 years and provides long lasting protection.

**When?**

**On Time**  
AGE 9-12  
2 Doses  
6-12 months apart

**Late**  
AGES 13-14  
2 Doses  
6-12 months apart

**Critical**  
AGES 15-26  
3 Doses  
1st dose at visit one  
2nd dose 1-2 months later  
3rd dose 6 months after 1st dose

Special Acknowledgment to the HPV Vaccine Task Force for the creation of this resource.

## PROTECT YOUR KIDS FROM CANCER

You can't protect your kids from everything, but you can prevent 6 types of cancer caused by Human Papilloma Virus.

Get your kids the HPV vaccine starting at age 9.

Learn more at [cancer.org/hpv](https://cancer.org/hpv)

©2018 American Cancer Society, Inc. All rights reserved. HPV vaccine is not a cure for cancer.

## ADOLESCENT IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE At a Glance

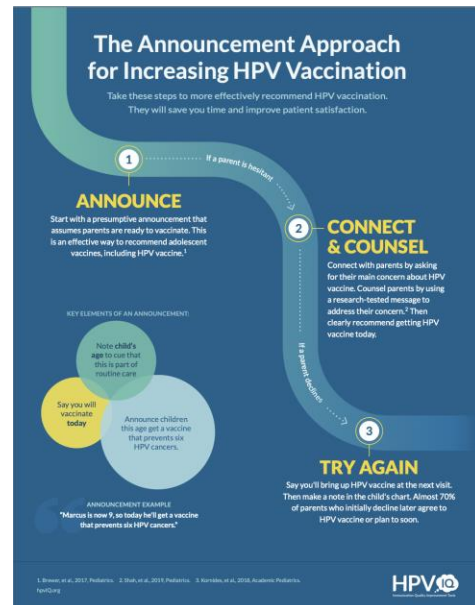
Adolescents (age 9-18) need 4 vaccines to protect against meningococcal disease, some cancers, whooping cough, and other serious diseases, according to national guidelines.

AGE	IMMUNIZATIONS
<b>9-10</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HPV dose 1</li> <li>HPV dose 2 (6-12 months after dose 1)</li> </ul>
<b>11-12</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HPV doses 1 and 2 (if not given at ages 9-10)</li> <li>MenACWY dose 1</li> <li>Tdap (one dose)</li> </ul>
<b>16</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MenACWY dose 2</li> <li>MenB dose 1</li> <li>MenB dose 2 (1-2 months or 6 months after dose 1, depending on brand)</li> </ul>
<b>YEARLY</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flu Vaccine (every year, every age, for adolescents)</li> </ul>

**Vaccination** DOH 348-739 March 2023

## Training Tools:

- HPV Cue Card
- Announcement Approach Pathway



## Posters for exam rooms & lobby:

- HPV Poster
- Immunization Schedule

## Immunization Schedule

Ask if your child is up-to-date TODAY

Influenza vaccine is recommended annually starting at 6 months

Children and teens should stay up-to-date with COVID-19 vaccine

Scan here for more information: [www.doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/immunization](https://www.doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/immunization)

Birth	12 months	9-10 years
HepB *RSV antibody	MMR Varicella HepA PCV	HPV (2 doses) between 9-12 years
2 months DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV Rotavirus (oral)	15 months DTaP Hib	11-12 years Tdap MenACWY
4 months DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV Rotavirus (oral)	18-24 months HepA	16 years MenACWY
6 months DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV (Flu and Covid shots start at 6 months)	4 years MMRV DTaP-IPV	16-18 years MenB (2 doses) Discuss with your provider

Updated July 2024

**Vaccine Key:**  
 DTaP: Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis (whooping cough)  
 HepA: Hepatitis A  
 HepB: Hepatitis B  
 Hib: Haemophilus influenzae type b  
 IPV: Inactivated Polio Virus  
 HPV: Human Papillomavirus  
 MMRV: Measles, Mumps, Rubella, and Varicella  
 MenACWY: Meningococcal A, C, W, Y (meningitis)  
 MenB: Meningococcal B (meningitis)  
 MMR: Measles, Mumps and Rubella  
 PCV: Pneumococcal (pneumonia)  
 Tdap: Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (whooping cough)  
 Varicella: Chickenpox

**Combination Vaccines:**  
 Vaxelis: Includes DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB  
 Pediatric: Includes DTaP-Hib-IPV  
 Pentacel: Includes DTaP-IPV-Hib  
 ProQuad MMRV: Includes Measles-Mumps-Rubella-Varicella  
 Quadracel/Kinex: Includes DTaP-IPV

**\*RSV antibody (Nasavir)** (to prevent respiratory syncytial virus):  
 1 dose for infants younger than 8 months during the RSV season, depending on mother's RSV vaccine status.  
 1 dose for some children 8-19 months depending on health status.



# Usefulness of Immunization Schedule Posters

Conversation starter – low tech visual cue

Indicates vaccines are important and routine

Appreciated by all

- **Parents & kids:**
  - like knowing what is next
- **Staff:**
  - promotes standard workflow
  - reduces confusion. . . easier for staff
- **Providers:**
  - adds authority to strong recommendation

✓ Interact with the poster


*“as you can see on the poster, your next shots are due . . . ”*  
*“this is the schedule that our providers recommend . . . ”*

**Immunization Schedule**  
Ask if your child is up-to-date TODAY

Influenza vaccine is recommended annually starting at 6 months

Children and teens should stay up-to-date with COVID-19 vaccine

Scan here for more information: [www.doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/immunization](http://www.doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/immunization)




<b>Birth</b> HepB *RSV antibody	<b>12 months</b> MMR Varicella HepA PCV	<b>9-10 years</b> HPV (2 doses) between 9-12 years
<b>2 months</b> DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV Rotavirus (oral)	<b>15 months</b> DTaP Hib	<b>11-12 years</b> Tdap MenACWY
<b>4 months</b> DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV Rotavirus (oral)	<b>18-24 months</b> HepA	<b>16 years</b> MenACWY
<b>6 months</b> DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB PCV (Flu and Covid shots start at 6 months)	<b>4 years</b> MMRV DTaP-IPV	<b>16-18 years</b> MenB (2 doses) Discuss with your provider

Updated July 2024

**Vaccine Key:**  
**DTaP:** Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis (whooping cough)  
**HepA:** Hepatitis A  
**HepB:** Hepatitis B  
**Hib:** Haemophilus influenzae type b  
**IPV:** Inactivated Polio Virus  
**MenACWY:** Meningococcal A, C, W, Y (meningitis)  
**MenB:** Meningococcal B (meningitis)  
**MMR:** Measles, Mumps and Rubella  
**PCV:** Pneumococcal (pneumonia)  
**Tdap:** Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (whooping cough)  
**Varicella:** Chickenpox

**Combination Vaccines:**  
**Vaxelis:** includes DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB  
**Pediarix:** includes DTaP-HepB-IPV  
**Pentacel:** includes DTaP-IPV-Hib  
**ProQuad MMRV:** includes Measles-Mumps-Rubella-Varicella  
**Quadracel/Kinrix:** includes DTaP-IPV

**\*RSV antibody (Nirsevimab)** (to prevent respiratory syncytial virus):  
 1 dose for infants younger than 8 months during the RSV season, depending on mother's RSV vaccine status;  
 1 dose for some children 8-19 months depending on health status



Feature HPV starting at 9-10 years!

# Recommending HPV at age 9-10 is often *EASIER*

Survey of  
96 providers

Rural and Urban

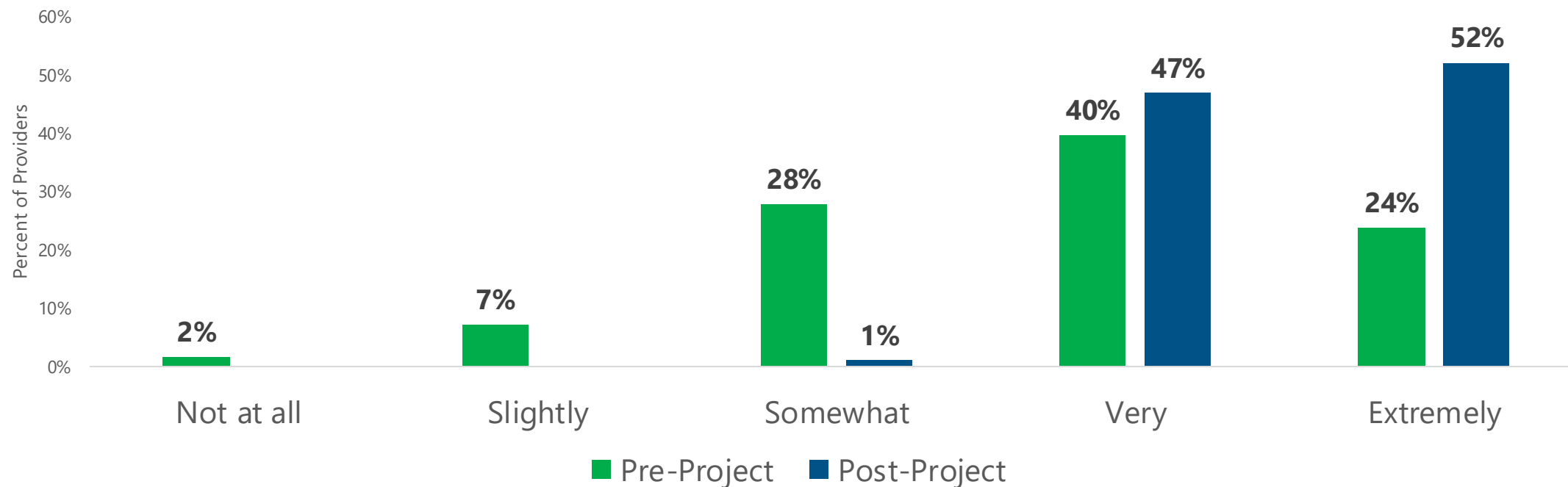
How does recommending HPV vaccine at  
9-10 compare to recommending at 11-12?

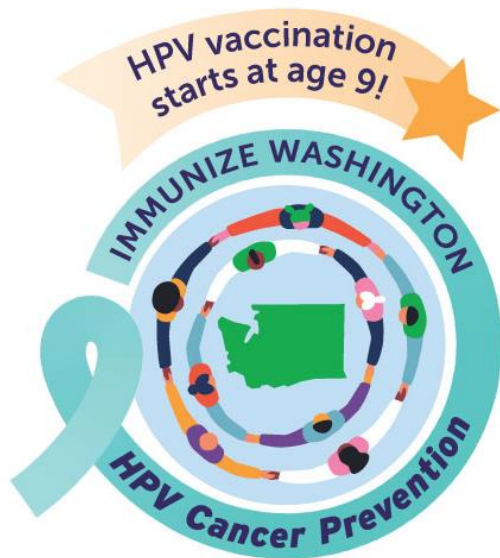
- 48% somewhat or much easier
- 46% same
- 6% somewhat or much harder

# Increased Provider Confidence

Survey of Providers in Cohorts 1-3

"How confident are you that you can effectively recommend HPV vaccine for patients ages 9 to 10?"





## Data: WAIS Coverage Rates

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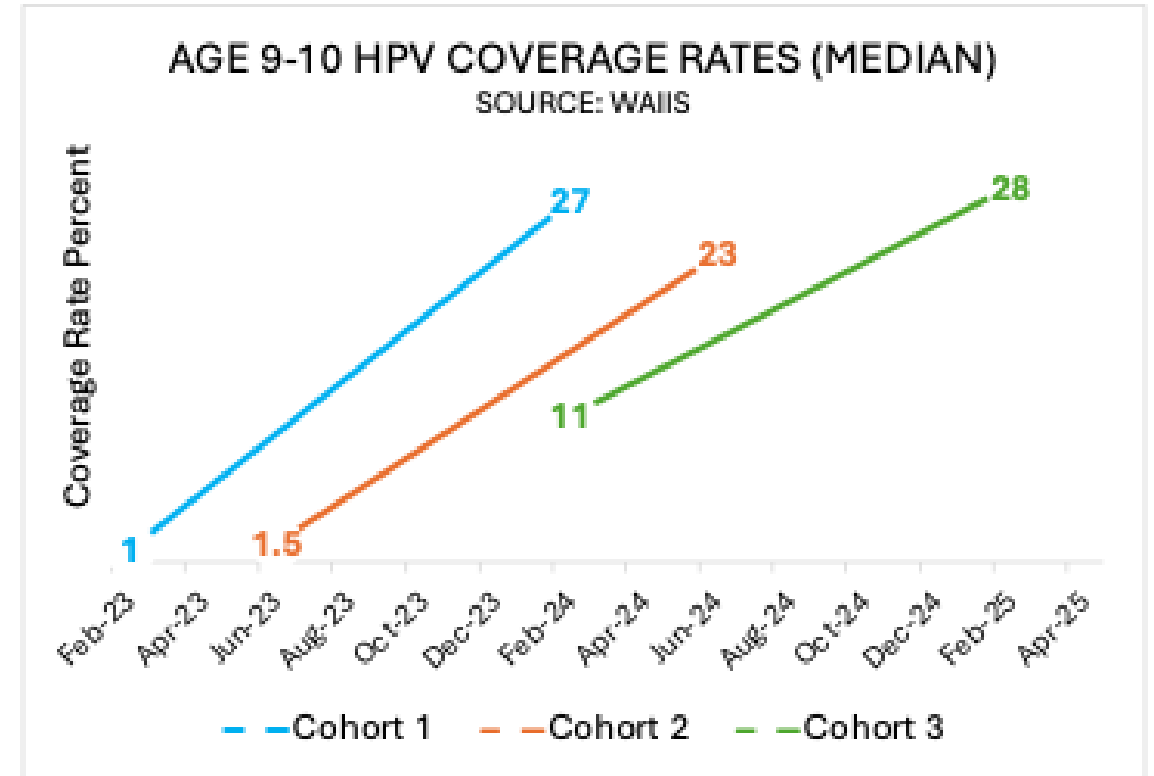
- ✓ **Set goals for age 9-10 HPV rates**
  - Increase by 5-10% points in 6 months
  - Increase by 20-30% points in 12 months
- ✓ **Track progress**
  - Age 9-10 rates, monthly
  - Age 11-12 rates, every 3-6 months
- ✓ **Immunize WA Award**
  - 25% or higher for first dose at 9-10

# Age 9-10 coverage rates after 1 year

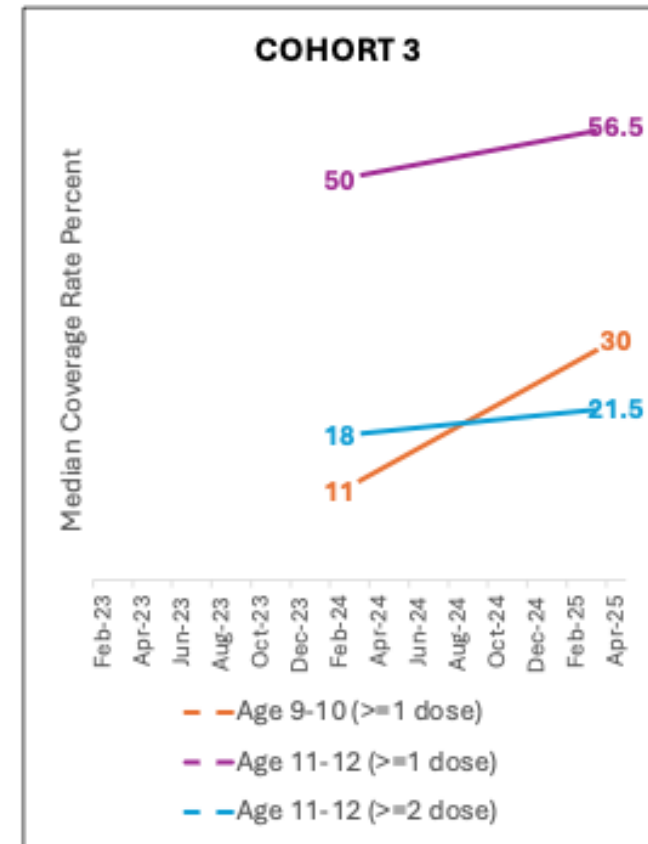
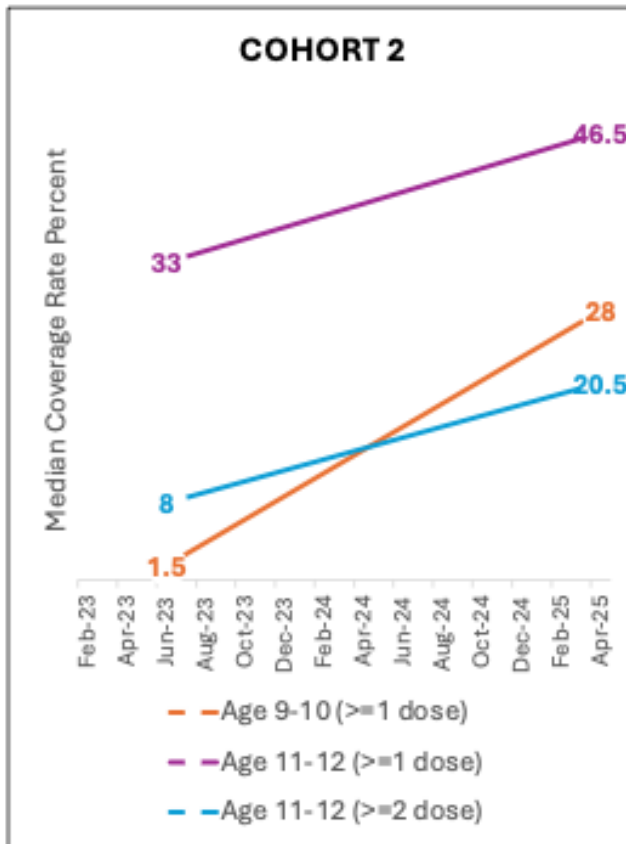
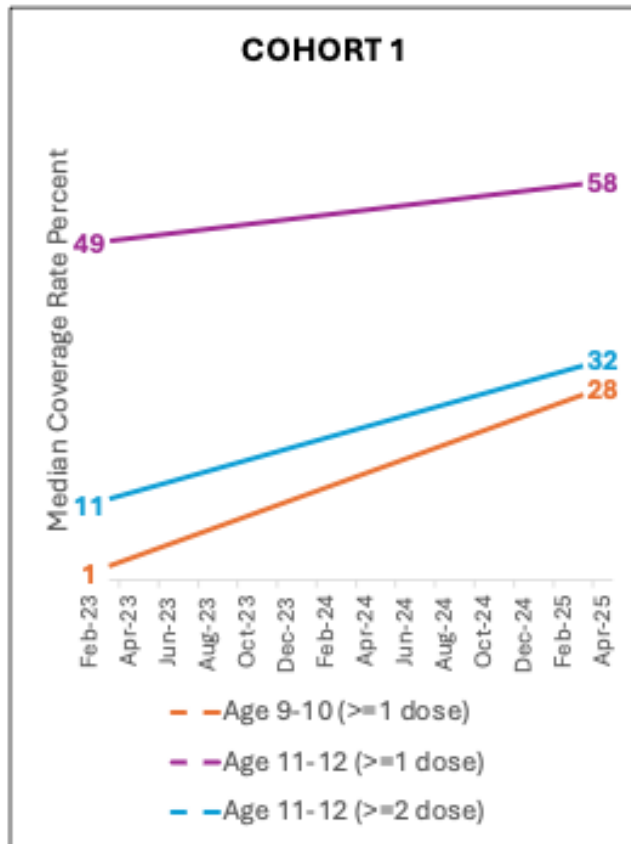
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Median coverage rate: ↑20 % points

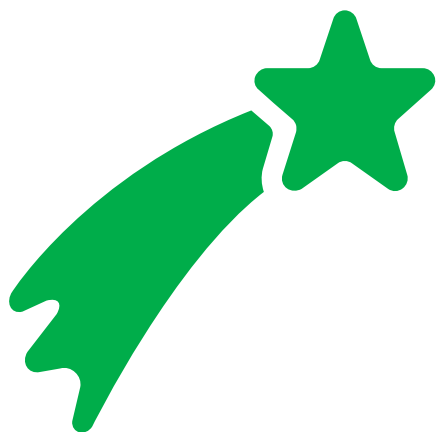
Range ↑4 to ↑49 % points



# Median Cohort Coverage Rates by Age, from beginning of each cohort through April 2025







# HPV-at-9 QI feedback



**"Very effective**, Keep rolling it out"

"The immunization schedule poster **works shockingly well**"

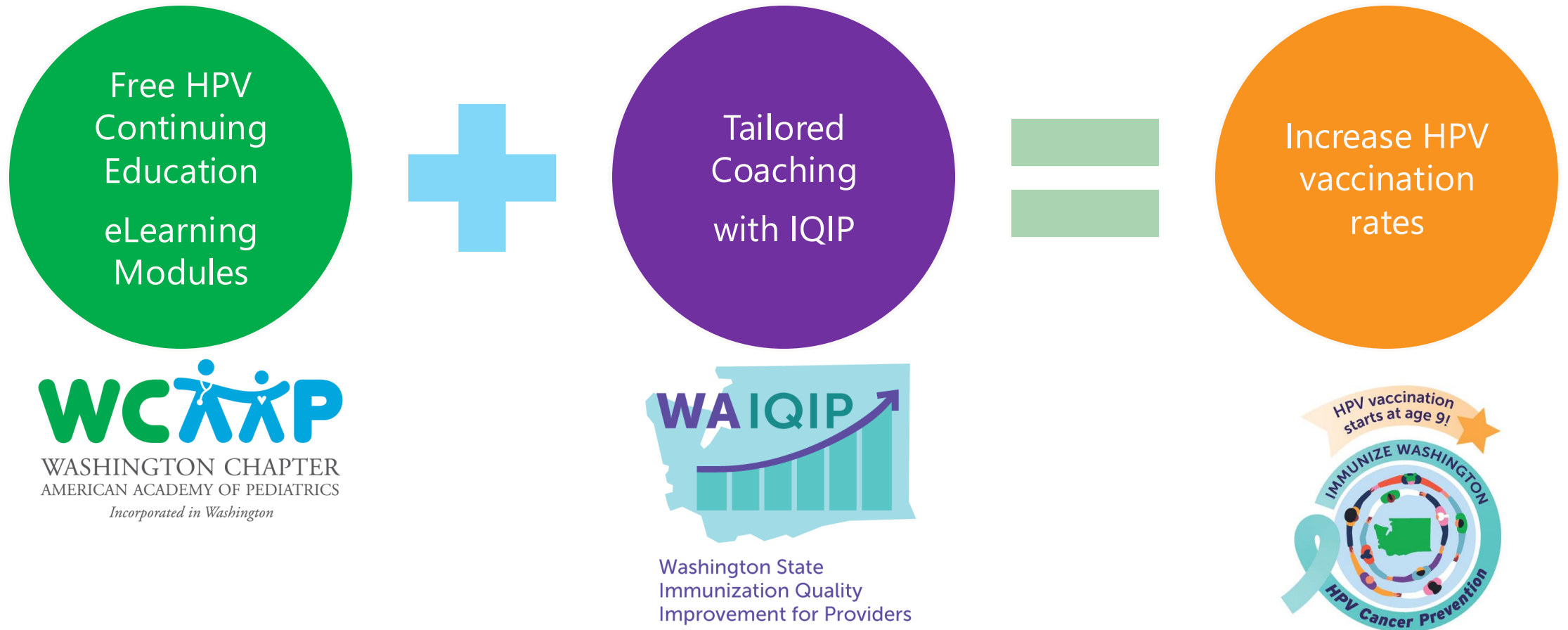
"An **eye-opening experience** and a big surprise that **parents are welcoming** of HPV at age 9-10"

Successful &  
Sustainable

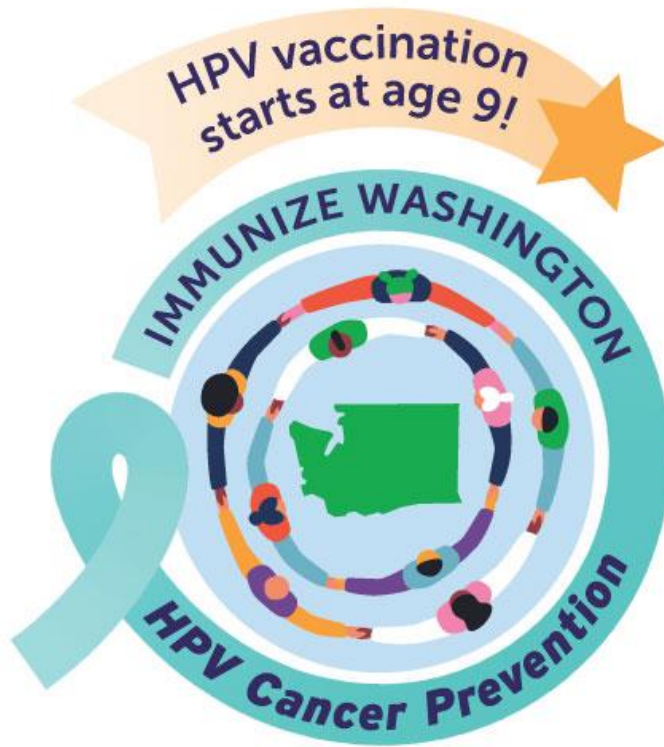
# What's next for HPV-at-9 QI Project?

# What's next for HPV-at-9 QI Project?

## We're partnering with IQIP!



# HPV Cancer Prevention Partners in WA



## Call to Action for Clinics:

### *Partner with IQIP*

- Increase immunization rates
- Protect Washington Youth

Sign up now! [ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov](mailto:ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov)



Presentation 3

# **Immunization Quality Improvement for Providers (IQIP) & Immunize WA Awards**

**Chrystal Averette, MPH**

WA IQIP Coordinator  
Office of Immunization  
Prevention and Community Health  
Washington State Department of Health

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## Washington State Immunization Quality Improvement for Providers



**IMMUNIZATION QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FOR PROVIDERS (IQIP) AND  
IMMUNIZE WA**

Office of Immunization



# What is IQIP?

- Immunization Quality Improvement for Providers (IQIP) is the national, provider-level quality improvement program for Vaccine For Children providers
- Provider/Public Health Partnership
- 12-month Process to implement evidence-based strategies
- Goal of IQIP is to increase on-time vaccination
  - Reducing missed chances to vaccinate
  - Improve vaccine delivery practices at the provider level

# Washington State IQIP Program

## Immunization Quality Improvement for Providers

### Benefits

- Tailored support
- Increase vaccine uptake
- Improve vaccination workflow
- Individualized training (IIS)
- Technical assistance
- CE, CNE for initial visit

### *Flexibility!*

- You choose the strategies, goals, and pace
- 2 visits & 2 brief check-ins over a 12-month period

### Evidence-based strategies

- Facilitate return for vaccination
- Leverage WAIS to improve workflows
- Give strong vaccine recommendations
- Strengthen vaccine communications
- HPV vaccination at age 9



Washington State  
Immunization Quality  
Improvement for Providers

## 12-Month Process

SITE VISIT	2- AND 6-MONTH CHECK-IN	12-MONTH VISIT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Vaccination workflow is observed, and initial coverage is reviewed</li><li>• Quality improvement strategies are selected</li><li>• Technical assistance provided</li><li>• Action items are chosen for practice improvement plan</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Progress toward practice improvement is reviewed</li><li>• Technical assistance provided</li><li>• Practice improvement</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Progress toward practice improvement reviewed/updated</li><li>• Technical assistance is provided</li><li>• Year-over-year coverage change is reviewed</li></ul>

# Strategies and Action Items

## IQIP Core Strategies



Facilitate return to clinic for vaccination.



Leverage IIS functionality to improve immunization practice.



Give a strong vaccine recommendation (include HPV vaccine if the provider has adolescent patients).



Strengthen vaccination communications.



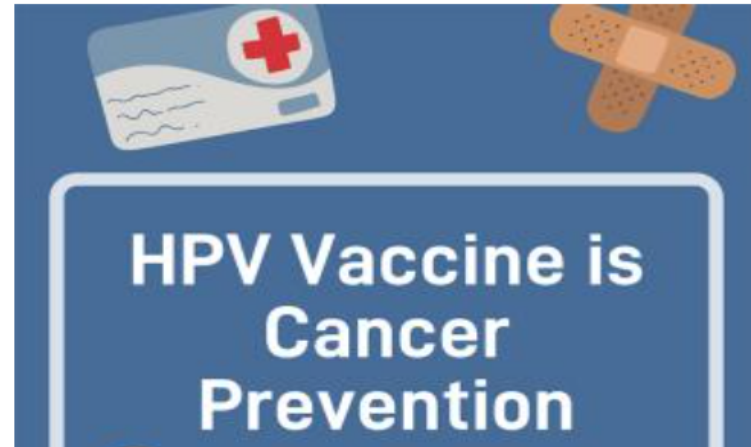
Recommend HPV vaccination series starting at age 9.

## State Specific Strategy

# Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine at Age Nine

## HPV Vaccine is Most Effective Between Ages 9 and 12 Years

- The HPV vaccine provides long-lasting protection against the most common cancers caused by HPV.
- Doctors and nurses recommend the HPV vaccine for children starting at age nine years.
- The HPV vaccine is most effective at this age, it produces the most infection-fighting cells, or antibodies. This also ensures immunity is already in place before any exposure to the virus.
- If your teen hasn't received the vaccine, it is not too late! Talk to their doctor or nurse about getting them



[illegible]

# Immunization Pocket Cards

- Order materials online
- Step-by-step ordering



# NEW Immunization Poster!

- Fully customizable text & images
  - *Tailor for your clinic & community*
  - *Adjust if CDC schedule changes*
- English, Spanish, Russian, Vietnamese
- Size: 16 x 20-inch



<https://wcaap.org/childhood-immunization-toolkit/>

## Protect Your Child

Protect them from serious diseases including measles, whooping cough, RSV, flu, COVID-19, meningitis, sepsis, and HPV cancers.

BIRTH	2 MOS	4 MOS	6 MOS	12 MOS
<b>HepB</b> RSV antibody* <small>*One dose for infants younger than 8 months during the RSV season, depending on maternal vaccination status.</small>	<b>DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB</b> PCV Rotavirus (oral)	<b>DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB</b> PCV Rotavirus (oral)	<b>DTaP-IPV-Hib-HepB</b> PCV Rotavirus (oral)	<b>MMR</b> Varicella HepA PCV
15 MOS	18 MOS - 2 YRS	4 YRS	9-10 YRS	Scan QR code to learn more about the immunization schedule 
<b>DTaP</b> Hib	<b>HepA</b>	<b>MMRV</b> DTaP-IPV	<b>HPV</b> (2 doses between 9-12 years)	
11 YRS	16 YRS	<div>                     Ask if your child is up-to-date!                 </div>		
<b>Tdap</b> MenACWY	<b>MenACWY</b> MenB (2 doses between 16-18 years)			

### Immunization Key

**DTaP:** Diphtheria, Tetanus, and Pertussis (whooping cough)  
**HepA:** Hepatitis A  
**HepB:** Hepatitis B  
**Hib:** Haemophilus influenzae B  
**IPV:** Polio  
**MenACWY:** Meningococcal ACWY (meningitis/sepsis)  
**MenB:** Meningococcal B (meningitis/sepsis)  
**MMR:** Measles, Mumps, Rubella  
**MMRV:** Measles, Mumps, Rubella, and Varicella (chickenpox)  
**PCV:** Pneumococcal (pneumonia)  
**Rotavirus:** (diarrhea)  
**RSV:** Respiratory Syncytial Virus antibody  
**Tdap:** Tetanus, Diphtheria, and Pertussis  
**Varicella:** (chickenpox)

Children and teens should stay up-to-date with COVID-19 vaccine and yearly flu (influenza) vaccine beginning at 6 months of age. Talk to your child's health care provider for more guidance if:  
 a. Your child has any medical condition that puts them at higher risk for infection.  
 b. Your child is traveling outside the United States. Visit [www.cdc.gov/travel](https://www.cdc.gov/travel) for more information.  
 c. Your child misses a vaccine recommended for their age.

[your clinic logo]

Last updated: April 2025

# IQIP/ Immunize WA Coverage Levels

Immunize WA Levels	Series	Age Range	Coverage Rate Needed
<b>Gold</b> (Type in Gold in IIS Coverage Rate Report)	<b>HEDIS Combo 10 or</b> <b>1 Tdap, 1 MCV, 2 HPV</b>	<b>24-35 months or</b> <b>13 years-13 years</b>	<b>80+%</b>
<b>Silver</b> (Type in Silver in IIS Coverage Rate Report)	<b>HEDIS Combo 10 or</b> <b>1 Tdap, 1 MCV, 2 HPV</b>	<b>24-35 months or</b> <b>13 years-13 years</b>	<b>70-79%</b>
<b>Bronze</b> (Type in Bronze IIS Coverage Rate Report)	<b>4313314 or</b> <b>1 Tdap, 1 MCV, 1 HPV</b>	<b>24-35 months or</b> <b>13 years-13 years</b>	<b>70+%</b>
<b>HPV Cancer Prevention Award</b>	<b>1 HPV</b>	<b>9-10 years</b>	<b>25+%</b>

# Immunize WA Awards Goals



Increase	Support	Encourage	Engage in	Help
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Increase immunization rates at the clinic level by using best practice tools and the Washington State Immunization Information System (IIS).</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Support activities to provide on time vaccination to children and adolescents</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Encourage clinics to measure their immunization rates so they know where they are doing well and areas to improve.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Engage in immunization quality improvement activities</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Help Clinics meet HEDIS measures &amp; Washington meet national goals for child and teen vaccines</li></ul>

# Nominations

## Self-Nomination Now Open for 2025 Immunize WA Awards

The Immunize WA awards honor clinics that meet immunization coverage goals for childhood, adolescents, and HPV dose initiation for 9- and 10-year-olds. In 2025, we're celebrating the program's 11th anniversary!

### Nominations are now open!

Providers must self-nominate between **June 2 and July 15, 2025**. Award recipients will be announced on **August 20, 2025**, during National Immunization Awareness Month.

### To nominate your clinic for Immunize WA:

1. Watch this [short video](#) on how to run your [coverage rate report](#)
2. Complete the [nomination form](#)
3. Submit your coverage rate report to [immunizewa@doh.wa.gov](mailto:immunizewa@doh.wa.gov)
4. Include your **VFC pin** in the subject line

Don't miss this opportunity to nominate your clinic! Nominations close **July 15, 2025**. For more information, visit the [Immunize WA web page](#).





August 20, 2025



# Thank You!!



Sign up for IQIP  
coaching & support

Free CME/CNE/CE  
eLearning  
Modules

Increase HPV  
vaccination rates

To sign up for IQIP

Email: [ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov](mailto:ImmunizeWA@doh.wa.gov)



# IQIP Resources

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- [CDC IQIP](#)
- [DOH IQIP](#)
- [Immunize WA](#)

Presentation 4

# **HPV & Oropharyngeal Cancer**

**Stewart Lyman, PhD**

Cancer Researcher and Biotechnology Consultant  
Survivor of HPV-attributed Tonsil Cancer



# Stewart Lyman, PhD (Oncology)

My Career Was in Cancer Research (Retired)

Head and Neck Cancer Alliance Ambassador

HPV Vaccine Advocate

Active in Several Online Patient Advocacy Groups

Imerman Angel

~~American Cancer Society Mission HPV Cancer Free~~  
~~Volunteer Champion~~

Creator of [HPVCancerResources.org](http://HPVCancerResources.org)

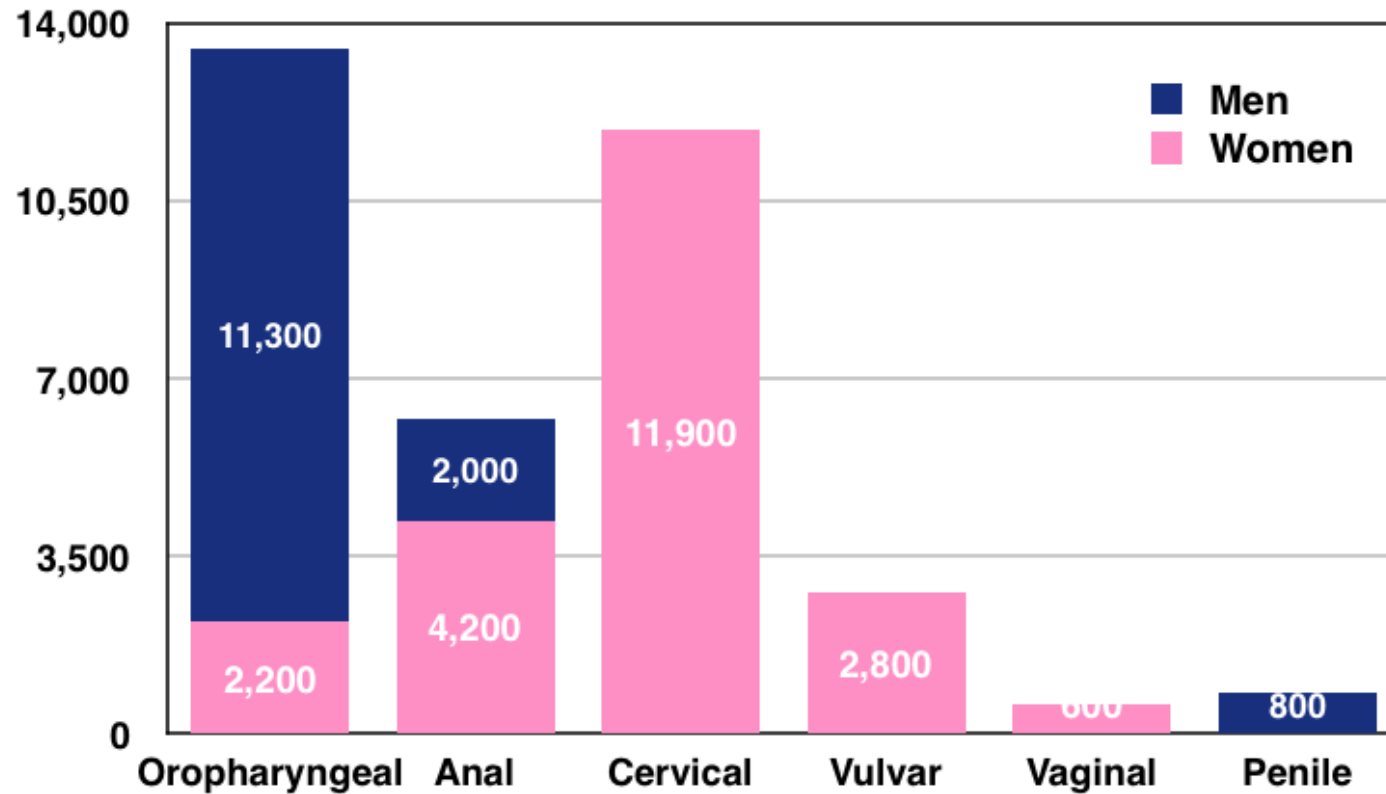
# The Times We Live In



# Can We Still Convince Parents to Vaccinate?

- Lots of pushback these days from parents due to the tremendous spread of misinformation and disinformation that's fueled the anti-vaccine movement.
- The Head of HHS is one of the worst spreaders of this, and has actively been engaged for years in lawsuits against the HPV vaccine's manufacturer.
- Don't expect to see him advocating for any vaccine.
- The "Wellness Industry" machine also provides false info on "alternatives" that need to be overcome.

# 35,000 HPV-Cancer Cases In U.S./Year (about 5% of all cancer cases)



Source: Centers for Disease Control



# What's The Overall Risk Of **Developing** An HPV-associated Cancer In Your Lifetime?

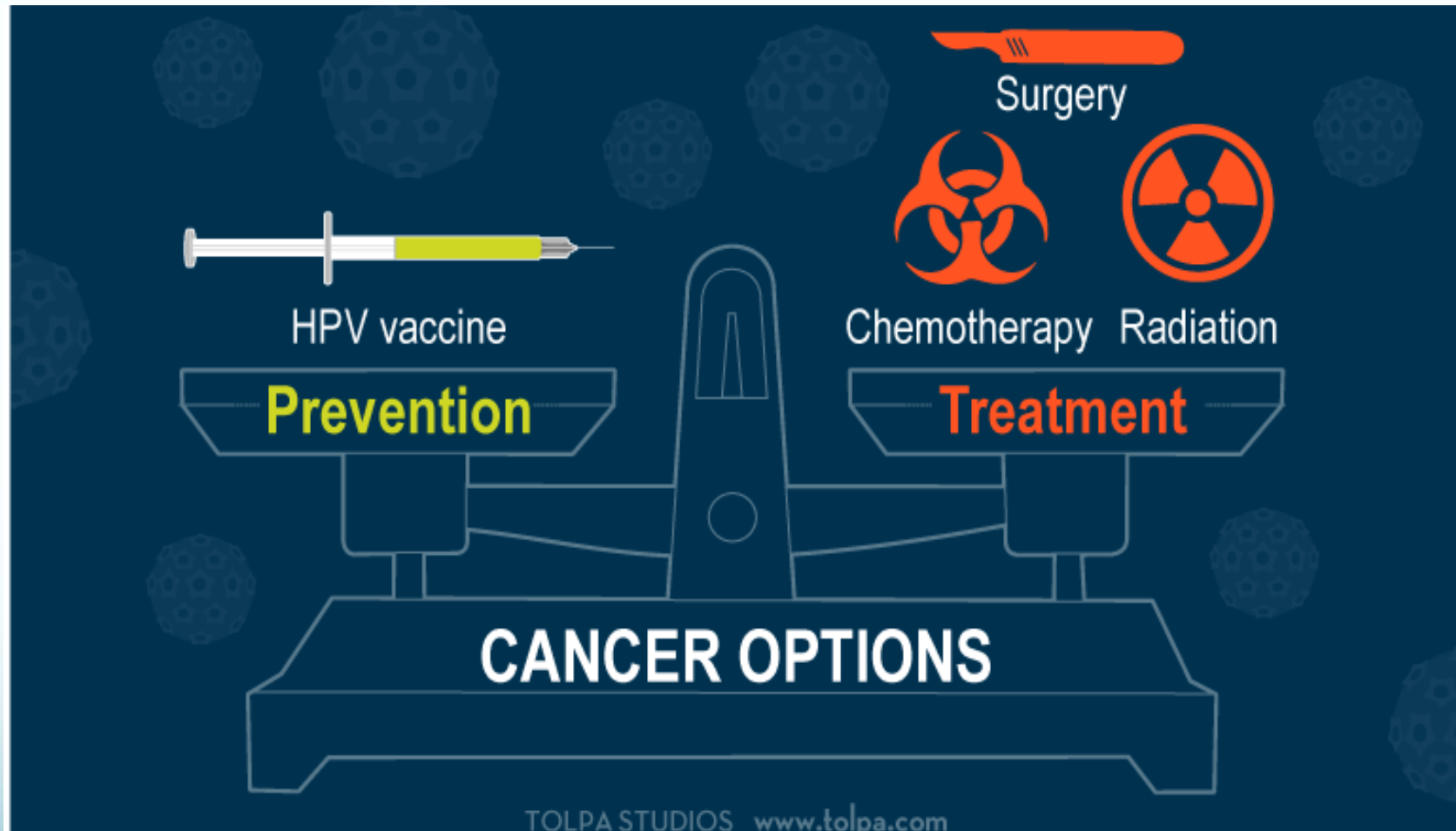
For individuals NOT vaccinated against HPV:

- The cumulative risk in white women was 1.4%, and about 0.98% in white men.
- About 1 in 71 white women will develop one of these cancers, and about 1 in 100 white men will.

# Anti-vaxxers “Know” About HPV Vaccine, But Not Cancer

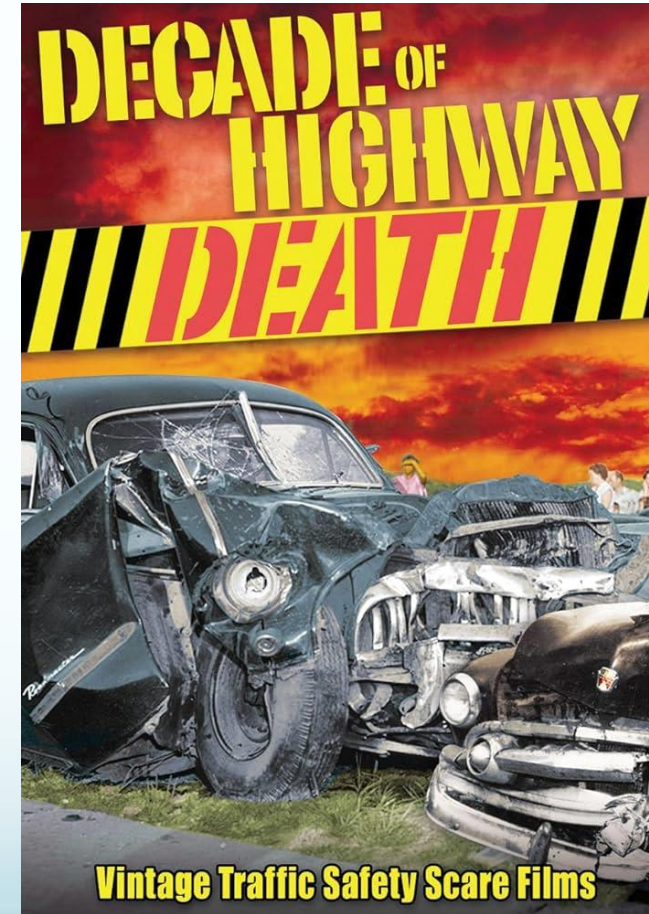
- They can tell you why “wrong placebo in trials,” promiscuity, “it’s too new,” and infertility are big problems with the HPV vaccine. They all read off of the same published misinformation scripts.
- They can’t tell you much about HPV-caused cancers, and most have never met an HPV-cancer patient.

# Cancer Prevention Beats Cancer Treatment!



# Maybe Try A “Work Backwards” Approach?

- If you get strong HPV vaccine pushback, move to the end!
- Tell parents what could happen if their kids don't get the HPV vaccine? Cancer! Pain and suffering! Bankruptcy! Death!
- Focus on the potential HORRIBLE consequences of not getting the HPV vaccine. Modeled on the old school Drivers Ed scare videos.



Cancer Patients And Their Tumors Are Like  
Snowflakes: No Two Are Ever Exactly The  
Same





# The Standard-of-Care: Chemo/Radiation and/or Surgery

- **Cisplatin:** 40 mg/m<sup>2</sup> administered intravenously once weekly during radiotherapy, usually for 6 to 7 weeks
- **Radiation:** 70 Gray (5X/week x 7 weeks)
- **Surgery:** TORS (trans-oral robotic surgery) or laser ablation
- Only 5% of patients get away with just surgery. Many get all three treatments. Majority get chemo/radiation.



# Two Days After Cancer Surgery



**Lucky man**

# Treatments for Head and Neck Cancers Often Produce Terrible Side Effects

Disfigurement

Esophageal stricture

**Difficulty swallowing**

Periodontal issues

**Lost sense of taste/Nausea**

Tooth decay

**Trouble chewing/No saliva**

**Mucositis**

Carotid artery stenosis

Lymphedema

Jaw muscle spasms (trismus)

**Neuropathy**

**Osteoradionecrosis**

Breathing difficulties

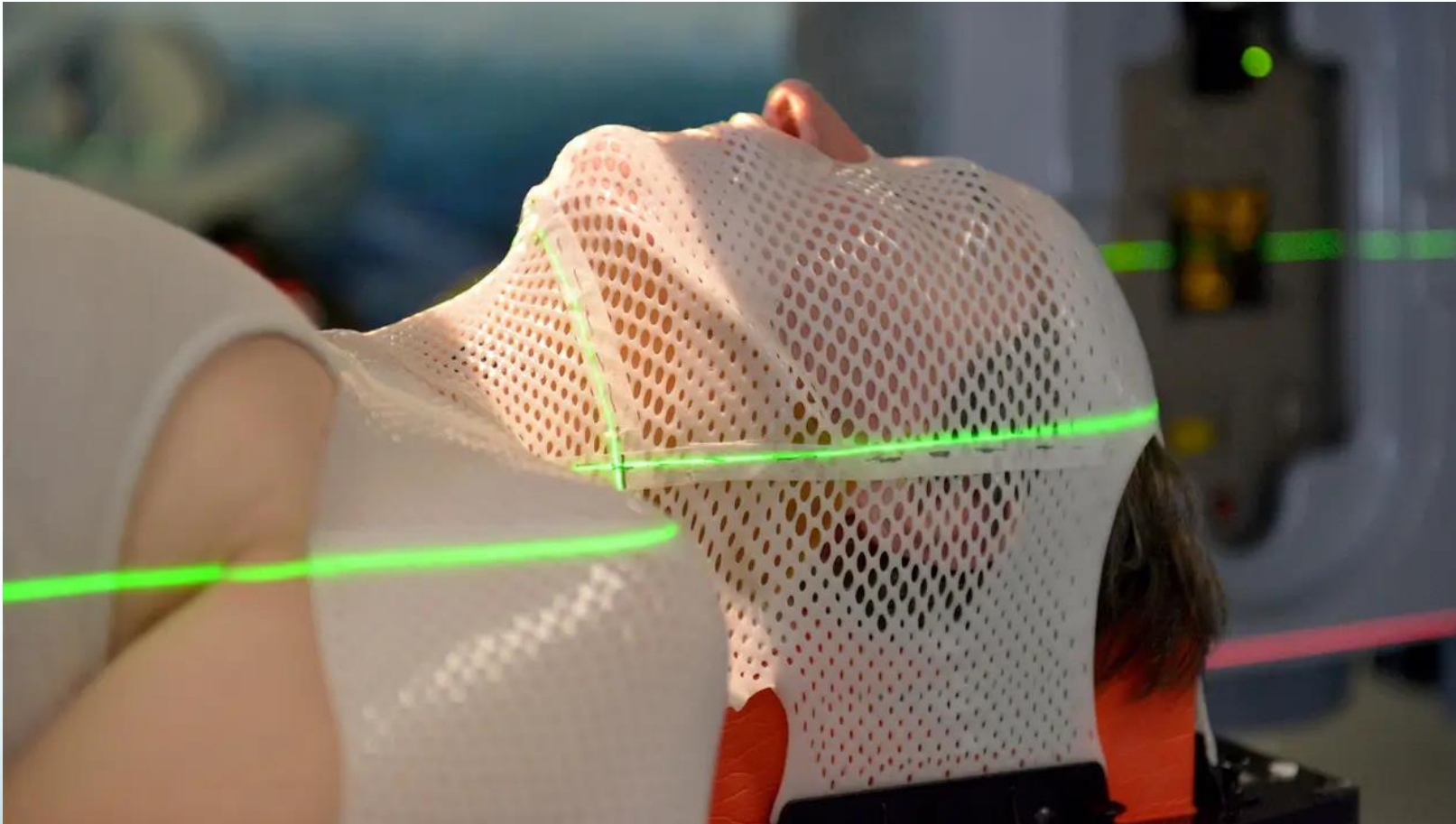
# Getting Chemo Sucks!

- Chemo: usually cisplatin.
- May make you **nauseous**.
- Can reduce your hearing and make you **deaf**. 40 to 80% of adults suffer some **hearing loss**.
- Often causes **neuropathy in hands and feet**.
- Requires you to sit in a chair for ~4.5 hours each treatment for the chemo and rehydration.
- Handled as “Hazardous Waste” by the nurses who administer it.

# Radiation: Not For The Faint Of Heart

- The damage is slow and cumulative.
- Requires you to be bolted down to a metal table with a tight-fitting mask over your head. The goal is literally to prevent you from moving a muscle. Torture if you are claustrophobic!
- You will do this 5X per week for 7 weeks!
- The first few weeks are easy. The the radiation's effects become evident.

# Bolted Down On The Radiation Table





# Damage From Radiation Treatment



Imagine What This Looks Like INSIDE Your Mouth!



# Osteoradionecrosis: Titanium Replacement Of Jaw

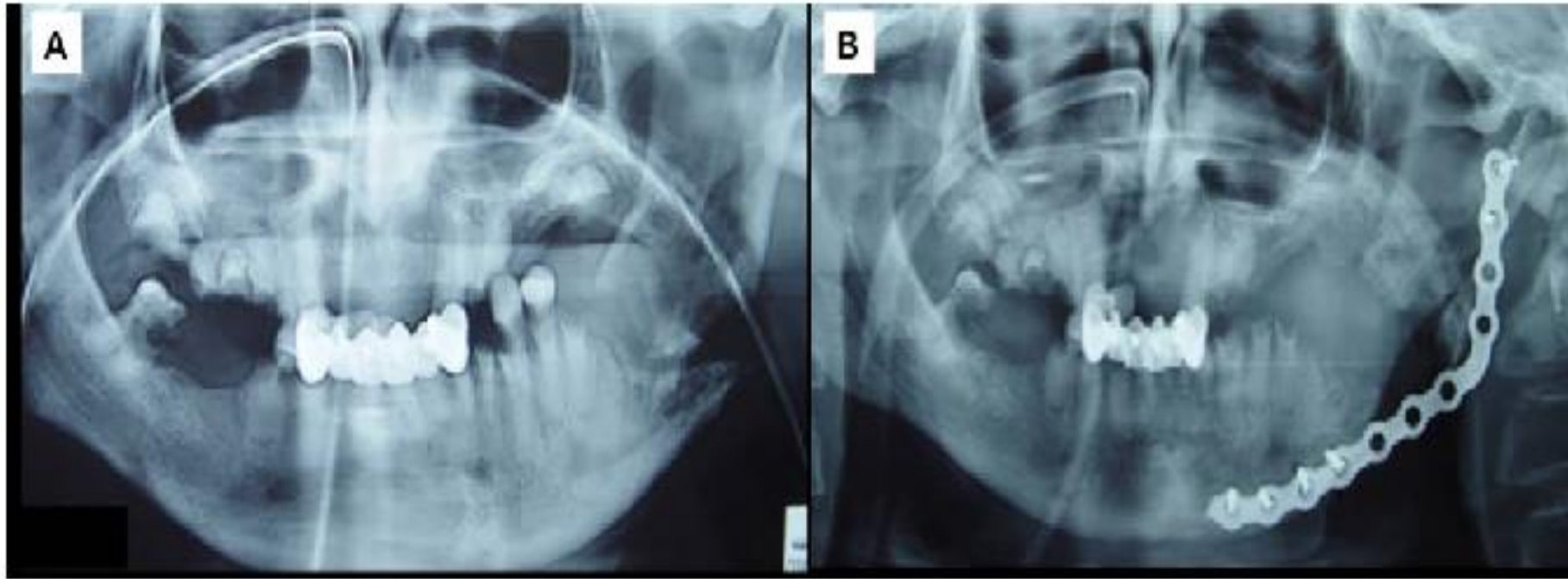


Figure 4: Panoramic radiograph showing extensive osteoradionecrosis and

# Long-Term Radiation Damage

- The radiation does a lot of **collateral damage** while it's killing the tumor cells.
- **Neuropathy** due to nerve damage.
- **Vascular problems** due to damage to veins.
- **Hardening of tissues.**
- **Osteoradionecrosis** of the jaw.
- **Future cancers.**

# Gastric Port For Feeding



# Cancer Is Financially Toxic

- Two years after their cancer diagnosis, 42% of patients **depleted their entire life's savings.**
- Four years after diagnosis, 38% of cancer patients were **financially insolvent.**

# Searching For NED

## (No Evidence of Disease)



# Stewart Lyman



- Email: [HPVCancerResources@gmail.com](mailto:HPVCancerResources@gmail.com)
- Available to give talks to parents, healthcare workers, civic organizations, patient groups, and others about HPV and the HPV vaccine
- Please send any suggestions/corrections for making my **HPVCancerResources.org** website better



# **HPV Vaccination: Resources & Tools**

**Sahla Suman, BDS, MPH**

Health Services Consultant  
Office of Healthy and Safe Communities  
Washington State Department of Health

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# WA DOH HPV Vaccine At Age Nine Page

The screenshot shows the Washington State Department of Health (DOH) website. At the top is the DOH logo and navigation links: About Us, Contact Us, and Newsroom. Below is a search bar. A dark blue navigation bar contains links for You & Your Family, Community & Environment, Licenses, Permits, & Certificates, Data & Statistical Reports, Emergencies, and Public Health & Provider Resources. Below this is a breadcrumb trail: Home > You & Your Family > Immunization > Diseases And Vaccines > Human Papillomavirus (HPV) > Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine At Age Nine.

**In this section**

- Human Papillomavirus (HPV)
- Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine at Age Nine

## Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine at Age Nine

### HPV Vaccine is Most Effective Between Ages 9 and 12 Years

- The HPV vaccine provides long-lasting protection against the most common cancers caused by HPV.
- Doctors and nurses recommend the HPV vaccine for children starting at age nine years.
- The HPV vaccine is most effective at this age, it produces the most infection-fighting cells, or antibodies. This also ensures immunity is already in place before any exposure to the virus.
- If your teen hasn't received the vaccine, it is not too late! Talk to their doctor or nurse about getting them immunized as soon as possible. This is a recommended vaccine up through age 26.
- [If you are an adult age 27 through age 45](#), talk with your health care provider to see if you should get the HPV vaccine.

### Efforts to Increase HPV Vaccination Coverage Rates

Since 2017, the Washington State Department of Health (DOH) has worked with providers and advocates around the state to improve HPV vaccination coverage rates. In 2022, the Washington State Vaccine Advisory Committee passed a motion to routinely start HPV vaccination at age nine and to track and publish state and county data on HPV vaccination coverage rates for children ages 9-10 years.

As a result, in January 2023, DOH updated the software in the state's immunization information system that determines

[doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine](https://doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine)

- Comprehensive Webpage with resources
  - Data & Research
  - Handouts in multiple languages
    - Flyers
    - Immunization schedule poster
    - Reminder cards & Cue Cards
  - Social media posts & Awareness videos
  - Webinars and Trainings
  - Quality Improvement

# WA DOH HPV Vaccine At Age Nine Page

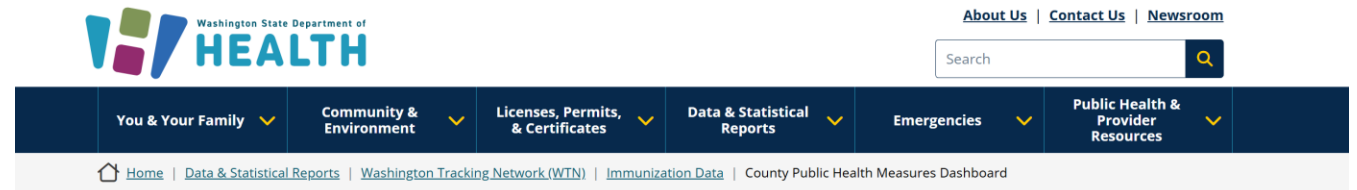
## [doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine](https://doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine)

- Data

- Immunization Measures by County Data Dashboard
- HPV vaccination at 9 yrs old Report WA DOH

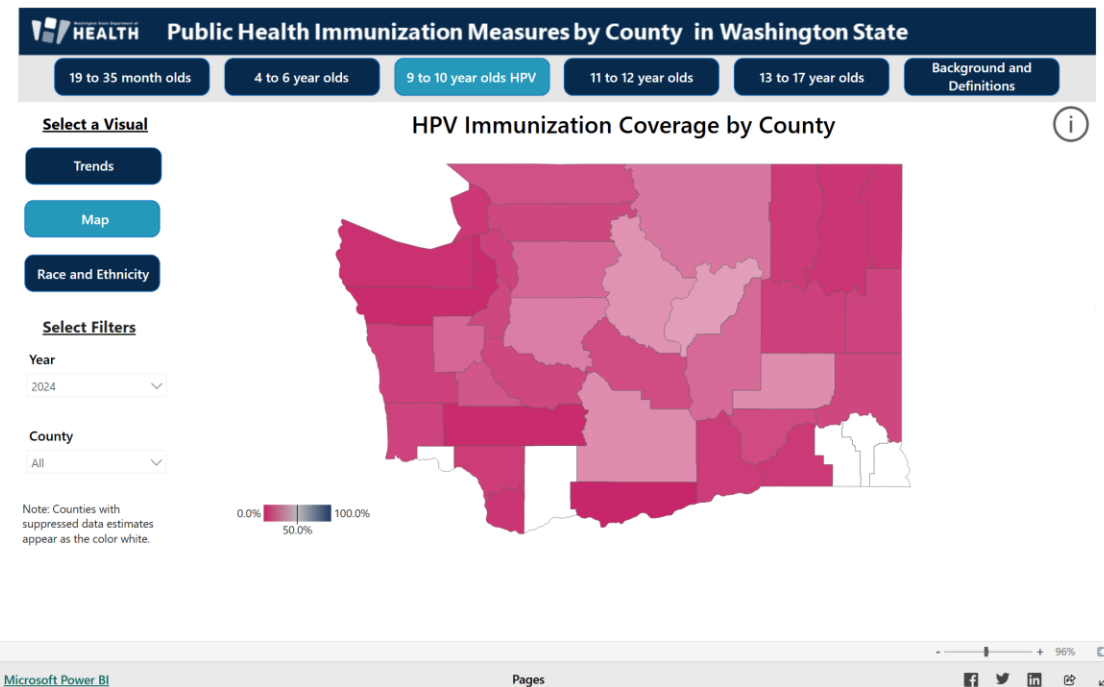
- Research

- [Full article: Effect of immunization registry-based provider reminder to initiate HPV vaccination at age 9, Washington state](#)
- [Why the American Academy of Pediatrics recommends initiating HPV vaccine at age 9 – PubMed](#)
- [Article collection: HPV Vaccination Starting at Age 9](#)



## Immunization Measures by County Dashboard

For instructions on how to use our data dashboards, please see our [dashboard tool page](#).



# Handouts, Reminder and Cue Cards

## Vacunarse contra el VPH: una forma de prevenir el cáncer

**¿Quiénes?** Todos los niños y todas las niñas a partir de los 9 años pueden recibir la vacuna.

**¿Qué?** La vacunación contra el virus del papiloma humano (VPH, o HPV por sus siglas en inglés) es una medida de prevención contra el cáncer.

**¿Por qué?**

- La inmunización contra el VPH ayuda a prevenir 6 tipos de cáncer (boca, garganta, cuello uterino, vulva, pene y ano).
- Vacunarse contra el VPH ayuda a prevenir la mayoría de los tipos de verrugas en el área genital.
- La vacunación contra el VPH es segura y eficaz, sin efectos secundarios duraderos.
- Las vacunas contra el VPH se han suministrado por más de 15 años, ofreciendo una protección de larga duración.

**¿Cuándo?**



Visit: [doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine](https://doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine)

37 000 осіб у США щороку захворюють на рак, спричинений ВПЛ

**Вакцина проти ВПЛ – спосіб запобігання раку**

**Захистіть свою дитину від вірусів, які можуть спричинити рак.**

**Ви можете захистити своїх дітей від певних видів раку.**

Вакцина проти ВПЛ важлива, оскільки захищає від раку, спричиненого вірусом папіломи людини (ВПЛ). Вакцина проти ВПЛ безпечна та найефективніша запобігання зараженню деякими типами ВПЛ, якщо їх ввести до моменту зараження.

Більше відіграє ключову роль у захисті підлітків від ВПЛ. Поговоріть із лікарем своєї дитини про вакцинацію проти ВПЛ і запишіть її на вакцинацію вже сьогодні.

**Джерела інформації**  
Washington State Department of Health (Департамент охорони здоров'я штату Вашингтон): [www.doh.wa.gov/hpv](https://www.doh.wa.gov/hpv)  
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (Центри контролю та профілактики захворювань): [www.cdc.gov/hpv](https://www.cdc.gov/hpv)  
Гарма-лайн Watch Me Grow в штаті Вашингтон: 1-800-522-2588  
Washington State Local Health Departments and Districts (місцеві департаменти охорони здоров'я та окружні кампани охорони здоров'я штату Вашингтон): [www.doh.wa.gov/localhealth](https://www.doh.wa.gov/localhealth)

DOH 340-516, February 2023 Update

Цей матеріал був розроблений в рамках проекту, спонсорованого на кошти 1-800-525-0127. Контент і зображення не є рекомендацією з боку проекту. Для отримання додаткової інформації про цей проект, будь ласка, зверніться до номеру 711 (Washington Relay) або пошлють на адресу [info@18005250127.org](mailto:info@18005250127.org).

Washington State Department of HEALTH

## Protect your child against viruses that can cause cancer.



HPV vaccine can be given starting at age nine. It protects children against cancers caused by the human papillomavirus.

**Two reasons for two doses at age nine**

HPV vaccines are safe and develop better immunity when given at younger ages, producing the most infection-fighting cells, or antibodies, in preteens. It is highly effective in preventing infection from certain types of HPV when given before a person is exposed to the virus.

When your child turns nine, ask your health care provider about protecting them from cancer with the HPV vaccine. Learn more at <https://www.doh.wa.gov/hpv>.



To request this document in another format, call 1-800-525-0127. Deaf or hard of hearing customers, please call 711 (Washington Relay) or email [civil.rights@doh.wa.gov](mailto:civil.rights@doh.wa.gov). Feb. 2023 DOH #348-612

At least 35,900 people in the U.S. get cancer caused by HPV each year.

The two most common cancers caused by HPV are cervical cancer in women and mouth/throat cancer in men.

Only TWO doses of HPV vaccine are needed for most kids who start the series at ages 9 to 14. THREE doses are needed for those starting at ages 15 to 26.



# Adolescent Immunization Schedule Poster


Visit: [doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine](https://doh.wa.gov/hpv-at-nine)

- Available in 11 languages
  - Spanish
  - Marshallese
  - Russian
  - Ukrainian
  - Vietnamese
  - Korean
  - Punjabi
  - Amharic
  - Chuukese
  - Tigrinya
  - Somali
- [Order and Print through MyPrint](#)

## ADOLESCENT IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE

### At a Glance

Adolescents (age 9-18) need 4 vaccines to protect against meningococcal disease, some cancers, whooping cough, and other serious diseases, according to national guidelines.

AGE	IMMUNIZATIONS
9-10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HPV dose 1</li><li>• HPV dose 2 (6-12 months after dose 1)</li></ul>  <small>More languages and information</small>
11-12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• HPV doses 1 and 2 (if not given at ages 9-10)</li><li>• MenACWY dose 1</li><li>• Tdap (one dose)</li></ul>
16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MenACWY dose 2</li><li>• MenB dose 1</li><li>• MenB dose 2 (1-2 months or 6 months after dose 1, depending on brand)</li></ul>
YEARLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Flu Vaccine (every year, every age, for adolescents)</li></ul>

Stay up-to-date on **COVID-19 Vaccination**

See full schedule at [cdc.gov/vaccines](https://cdc.gov/vaccines).

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DOH 348-739 March 2023

# National HPV Vaccination Roundtable

## Start HPV Vaccination at Age 9

### Submit an Age 9 Success Story

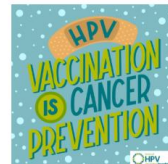
If you are implementing HPV vaccination strategies for starting vaccination at age 9 – please submit information to us via the form below.

[Submit a Success Story](#)

## New Research Reinforces the Recommendation to Start Offering HPV Vaccines at Age Nine

Read NEW evidence, recently published, on the impact of initiating HPV vaccination at ages 9-10, including population studies, quality improvement projects, brief reports, and commentaries from experts in the field. The collection of 10+ published articles shows the benefits, effectiveness, and acceptability of routinely recommending HPV vaccination for all preteens starting at age nine.

- [Read the Collection](#)
- [Watch Video Abstracts Highlighting Key Articles](#)
- [Download the Collection Communications Toolkit](#)
- [Download the Age 9 Toolkit](#)
- [See all Age 9 Resources in the Resource Center](#)



Giving a strong recommendation for HPV vaccination at age 9 will increase vaccine completion success and prevent more cancers.

Visit our Resource Library to [download our Age 9 resources](#) which include:

(Click the Links Below)

- [Start HPV Vaccination at Age 9 - National HPV Vaccination Roundtable](#)
- [Resource Center - National HPV Vaccination Roundtable](#)



# Questions?

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For questions or comments :  
[Sahla.suman@doh.wa.gov](mailto:Sahla.suman@doh.wa.gov)



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# Share Updates & Upcoming Events



# Help us Improve HPV Vaccination Rates in Washington state

***Provider Survey by Washington State Department of Health***

## Who?

- Healthcare professionals in Washington state who offer HPV vaccine

## What?

- Brief survey about your experience recommending HPV vaccine

## Why?

- Help shape future training programs, quality improvement initiatives, and develop essential resources



**Survey deadline: June 20, 2025**

# BUILDING IMMUNITY, STRENGTHENING COMMUNITY

June 2 - 5, 2025  
12 - 2 PM





# Event Details

June 2<sup>nd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> from 12 to 2 PM PDT

## What to Expect:

- Gain essential immunization knowledge, learn best practices and strategies to increase vaccine confidence, combat vaccine fatigue, and motivational interviewing workshop.
- Connect with fellow health professionals across Washington state and reignite your passion for community vaccination.
- Earn up to 8.0 CEs (CME, CNE, CPE, CMA).

Register Today!

### DAY 1

Monday, June 2, 12 - 2 PM PDT



Immunity & Disease Outbreaks 101 **12:00 - 1:00 PM**  
Dr. Tao Sheng Kwan-Gett, MD, MPH / State Health Officer / Washington State Department of Health



Equity in Action Panel- Navigating Community- Specific Vaccine Challenges **1:00 - 2:00 PM**

Wendy Stevens, MNPL, MSS / Tribal and Urban Immunization Coalition / American Indian Health Commission



Adia Hidalgo Arroyo, PhD, MSc, CHW / Coordinator for Community Health and Outreach / Latino Center for Health - Adios! COVID

Dr. Leo Morales, MD, PhD, MPH / Co-Director / Latino Center for Health - Adios! COVID

Tamara Cyhan Cunitz, MN, RN / Executive Director / NASHI Immigrants Health Board

### DAY 2

Tuesday, June 3, 12 - 2 PM PDT



An Overview of Recommended 2025 Pediatric and Adult Vaccines **12:00 - 1:00 PM**  
Dr. Robert Hopkins Jr., MD / Medical Director / National Foundation of Infectious Diseases



Seven Rights of Vaccine Administration **1:00 - 2:00 PM**  
Dr. Kimberly C. McKeirnan, PharmD, BCACP / Professor / Department of Pharmacotherapy Washington State University

### DAY 3

Wednesday, June 4, 12 - 2 PM PDT



Vaccine Conversations – Strategies to Address Vaccine Hesitancy **12:00 - 1:00 PM**  
Dr. Gretchen LaSalle, MD FAAFP / Family Physician / Vaccine Advocate and Author



Vaccine Considerations Before, During, and After Pregnancy **1:00 - 2:00 PM**

Dr. Linda Eckert, MD, Professor / Global Health and Obstetrics and Gynecology Departments / University of Washington / WHO consultant and Author

Dr. Clarissa Hsu, PhD / Associate Investigator / Kaiser Permanente Washington Research Institute



Dr. Lily Shapiro, PhD, MPH / Collaborative Scientist / Kaiser Permanente Washington Research Institute

Kim Arthur, MPH / Collaborative Scientist / Kaiser Permanente Washington Research Institute

### DAY 4

Thursday, June 5, 12 - 2 PM PDT



Grounding in Vaccine Safety & Reporting **12:00 - 1:00 PM**  
Dr. Jéaux Rinedahl, RN, PhD / Clinical, Quality, and Schools Section Manager / Washington State Department of Health



Vaccine Conversations – Motivational Interviewing Workshop **1:00 - 2:00 PM**  
Carrie Bader, MPH, MOT / Training Director / Boost Oregon



## SEATTLE

In-Person Screening +  
Networking  
June 5 at 5:30p.m.

Scan to register  
for Seattle's event



## SPOKANE

In-Person Screening + Q&A  
Panel  
June 5 at 6:00 p.m.



Scan to register  
for Spokane's  
event



## VANCOUVER

Hybrid Screening +  
Presentation from Local  
Epidemiologist  
June 12 at 10:00 a.m.

Scan to RSVP to  
Clark County  
Immunization  
Coalition's meeting



## TACOMA

Virtual Screening on Zoom  
June 26 at 12:00 p.m.



Scan to register &  
get the Zoom link!



WithinReach



Washington State Department of  
**HEALTH**



Immunization Action  
Coalition of Washington

Present

from Executive Producer  
**NEIL DE GRASSE TYSON**



A film by Academy Award Nominee  
**SCOTT HAMILTON KENNEDY**  
*Disinformation is its own Disease.*

See our teaser and follow us on social media!  
[www.shotintheearmmovie.com](http://www.shotintheearmmovie.com)

For questions regarding any of the four  
events email [jc@withinreachwa.org](mailto:jc@withinreachwa.org)

A large orange circle occupies the left side of the slide, partially cut off by the edge.

Wrap up

Next Meeting:

- **Annual HPV Roundtable**
  - Friday, October 10<sup>th</sup>, 2025





Thank you for doing your part to prevent HPV Cancers!

